

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA LAKE COUNTY, ILLINOIS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Village of Lake Villa Lake Villa, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of

Village of Lake Villa

as of and for the year ended April 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Village of Lake Villa as of April 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position-modified cash basis and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 17 to the financial statements, the Village implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 25, 2021 on our consideration of Village of Lake Villa's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Village of Lake Villa's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

EDER, CASELLA & CO.
Certified Public Accountants

Eder, Casella & Co.

McHenry, Illinois October 25, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Village of Lake Villa Lake Villa, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of

Village of Lake Villa

as of and for the year ended April 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Village of Lake Villa's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 25, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Village of Lake Villa's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Village of Lake Villa's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Village of Lake Villa's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in a separate management letter issued.

eder, casella & co

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Village of Lake Villa's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Village of Lake Villa's Response to Findings

Village of Lake Villa's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the separate management letter issued. Village of Lake Villa's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

EDER, CASELLA & CO.
Certified Public Accountants

Eder, Casella & Co.

McHenry, Illinois October 25, 2021



VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Village of Lake Villa (Village), we offer readers of the Village's statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Village exceeded its liabilities at April 30, 2021 by \$35,902,156 (net position). Of this amount, \$7,980,621 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the Village's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Village's total net position increased by \$314,456.
- At April 30, 2021, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6,327,393, an increase of \$709,711 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$2,252,628 is available for spending at the Village's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At April 30, 2021, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,391,716, or 53% of total General Fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis presents information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities arising from cash transactions, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported on the cash basis as soon as cash is received or disbursed, regardless of when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Village include General Government, Police, Public Works, Streets, Building and Grounds, Mansion, Celebration of Summer Fund, and Parks. The business-type activities of the Village include water and sewer operations, and garbage collection.

Fund financial statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-

related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds</u> - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Village's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Statement of Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains eighteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Statement of Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis for the General Fund, Motor Fuel Tax Fund and Capital Projects Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other fifteen funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> - The Village maintains one type of proprietary fund (enterprise fund). Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer operations and garbage payments.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer operations, which is considered to be a major fund of the Village and the garbage fund, which is also, a major fund. The major proprietary funds consist of the Water and Sewer Fund and Garbage Fund.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Village. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village's own programs.

Notes to the financial statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information concerning the Village's progress in meeting its obligation to provide as fully adequate as possible services to all of its residents.

The Village adopts an annual budget for all of its funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General, Motor Fuel Tax, and General Capital Funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village, assets exceeded liabilities by \$35,902,156 at April 30, 2021.

By far, the largest portion of the Village's net assets (73%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, land improvements, furniture and office equipment, vehicles and equipment, and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Village of Lake Villa's Net Position

	Governmental Activities					Business-Ty	/pe	Activities	Total					
		4/30/2021	4/30/2020			4/30/2021		4/30/2020	4/30/2021			4/30/2020		
Assets				_				_		_				
Current and Other Assets	\$	7,079,611	\$	5,650,772	\$	3,228,044	\$	3,265,288	\$	10,307,655	\$	8,916,060		
Capital Assets		10,722,975		11,077,024		21,485,339		22,045,150		32,208,314		33,122,174		
Total Assets	\$	17,802,586	\$	16,727,796	\$	24,713,383	\$	25,310,438	\$	42,515,969	\$	42,038,234		
Liabilities														
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding	\$	743,235	\$	822,928	\$	5,086,078	\$	5,560,830	\$	5,829,313	\$	6,383,758		
Other Liabilities		752,218		33,090		32,282		33,686		784,500		66,776		
Total Liabilities	\$	1,495,453	\$	856,018	\$	5,118,360	\$	5,594,516	\$	6,613,813	\$	6,450,534		
Net Position														
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	9,979,740	\$	10,254,096	\$	16,399,261	\$	16,484,320	\$	26,379,001	\$	26,738,416		
Restricted		1,542,534		1,488,251		-		-		1,542,534		1,488,251		
Unrestricted		4,784,859		4,129,431		3,195,762		3,231,602		7,980,621		7,361,033		
Total Net Position	\$	16,307,133	\$	15,871,778	\$	19,595,023	\$	19,715,922	\$	35,902,156	\$	35,587,700		

An additional portion of the Village's net position (4.30%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$7,980,621) may be used to meet the Village's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At April 30, 2021, the Village is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The Village's net position increased by \$314,456 during the year ended April 30, 2021.

Village of Lake Villa's Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities					Business-Ty	ре /	Activities	Total			
		4/30/2021		4/30/2020	Business-Type Activities 4/30/2021 4/30/2020					4/30/2021		4/30/2020
Revenues												
Program Revenues												
Charges for Services	\$	438,693	\$	561,410	\$	3,746,539	\$	3,773,361	\$	4,185,232	\$	4,334,771
Operating Grants and Contributions		396,542		23,724		-		-		396,542		23,724
Capital Grants and Contributions		313,033		244,582		-		-		313,033		244,582
General Revenues												
Property Taxes		2,510,956		2,431,614		-		-		2,510,956		2,431,614
Sales Tax		903,578		890,384		-		-		903,578		890,384
Other Taxes		2,381,191		2,271,293		-		-		2,381,191		2,271,293
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		47,508		113,262		41,243		56,106		88,751		169,368
Gain on Asset Disposal		12,708		89,234		-		-		12,708		89,234
Gain/(Loss) on Investments		-		-		(31,890)		42,480		(31,890)		42,480
Other General Revenue		185,163		251,458		65,016		77,488		250,179		328,946
Total Revenues	\$	7,189,372	\$	6,876,961	\$	3,820,908	\$	3,949,435	\$	11,010,280	\$	10,826,396
Expenses								_				
General Government	\$	1,409,879	\$	1,398,780	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,409,879	\$	1,398,780
Police		3,117,864		3,097,659		-		-		3,117,864		3,097,659
Public Works		10,867		-		-		-		10,867		-
Streets		1,764,927		1,241,991		-		-		1,764,927		1,241,991
Building and Grounds		400,677		346,414		-		-		400,677		346,414
Mansion		138,376		148,095		-		-		138,376		148,095
Celebration of Summer Fund		50		24,703		-		-		50		24,703
Debt Service		27,979		30,600		-		-		27,979		30,600
Garbage		-		-		597,500		593,830		597,500		593,830
Water and Sewer		-		-		3,195,815		3,224,828		3,195,815		3,224,828
Total Expenses	\$	6,870,619	\$	6,288,242	\$	3,793,315	\$	3,818,658	\$	10,663,934	\$	10,106,900
Increase/(Decrease) before Transfers	\$	318,753	\$	588,719	\$	27,593	\$	130,777	\$	346,346	\$	719,496
Transfers		148,492		138,972		(148,492)		(138,972)				-
Increase/(Decrease) in Net Position	\$	467,245	\$	727,691	\$	(120,899)	\$	(8,195)	\$	346,346	\$	719,496
Net Position - Beginning of Year		15,871,778		15,144,087		19,715,922		19,724,117		35,587,700		34,868,204
Net Position - End of Year	\$	16,339,023	\$	15,871,778	\$	19,595,023	\$	19,715,922	\$	35,934,046	\$	35,587,700

Governmental Activities – Governmental activities increased the Village's net position by \$435,355.

Business-Type Activities – Business-type activities decreased the Village's net position by \$120,899.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds - The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Village's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At April 30, 2021, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6,327,393, an increase of \$709,711 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$2,252,628 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the Village's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for a variety of restricted purposes.

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. The focus of the Village's General Fund is to provide information on the revenues and expenditures of the funds that the Village receives from its Page 8

general tax levies and from other unrestricted sources such as personal property replacement tax, grants, interest on bank deposits, and associated expenditures.

At April 30, 2021, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,391,716 while total fund balance was \$2,419,875 an increase of \$154,410 in comparison with the prior year. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 53% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 54% of that same amount.

Motor Fuel Tax Fund

The net change in fund balance was a decrease of \$925 resulting in an ending fund balance of \$760,266.

General Capital Projects Fund

The net change in fund balance was an increase of \$578,542 resulting in an ending balance of \$2,001,456.

Proprietary funds - The Village's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at April 30, 2021 amounted to \$3,112,065. The total decrease in net position for the Water and Sewer Fund was \$162,551 which is the excess of expenses over revenues for providing water and sewer services.

The Garbage fund had an unrestricted net position balance at April 30, 2021 of \$83,697. The Village bills customers for garbage service on their water & sewer bills at a rate established by an approved ordinance. The current provider, Waste Management, bills the Village monthly for service provided. The Garbage fund had \$41,652 in excess revenues over expenses for fiscal year 2021.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Village amended its budget for only the Metra and Motor Fuel Tax Funds for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021; therefore, the amounts shown for original and final budget for the General fund are the same.

Significant differences between the budget and actual revenues and expenditures are summarized as follows:

- The difference between the estimated revenues and the actual revenues was \$963,634 (favorable)
 due primarily to the Village not budgeting for Police Pension Taxes that are received and remitted to
 the Police Pension Fund as well as not budgeting for Lake County CARES Covid-19 grant received.
- The difference between the estimated expenditures and the actual expenditures was \$381,420 (unfavorable) and was primarily attributable to the Village not budgeting for Police Pension contributions related to the Police Pension Taxes noted in the revenues section above.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets – The Village's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of April 30, 2021 amounts to \$32,208,314 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, land improvements, furniture and office equipment, vehicles and equipment, and infrastructure. The total decrease in the Village's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 2.76%.

Major capital asset events during the year ended April 30, 2021 included the following:

Governmental Activities:

- Three Utility Vehicle & Trailer \$110,874
- Five Ton Dump Truck \$143,540

Business-Type Activities:

- Water Main Construction in Progress \$96,709
- Sewer Relocation Construction in Progress \$94,577

Village of Lake Villa's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	 Governmen	tal A	ctivities		Business-Ty	уре л	Activities		To	otal	
	4/30/2021		4/30/2020		4/30/2021		4/30/2020		4/30/2021		4/30/2020
Land	\$ 3,845,656	\$	\$ 3,838,656		-	\$	\$ -		3,845,656	\$	3,838,656
Construction in Progress	58,486		-		191,286		-		249,772		-
Buildings and Improvements	2,012,123		2,146,795		2,734,935		2,804,023		4,747,058		4,950,818
Land Improvements	1,949,852		2,051,219		-		-		1,949,852		2,051,219
Furniture and Office Equipment	168,448		188,866		-		-		168,448		188,866
Vehicles and Equipment	782,938		694,882		41,904		53,350		824,842		748,232
Infrastructure	1,905,472		2,156,606		18,517,214		19,187,777		20,422,686		21,344,383
Total	\$ 10,722,975	\$	\$ 11,077,024		21,485,339	\$	22,045,150	\$	32,208,314	\$	33,122,174
Infrastructure	\$ 1,905,472	\$	2,156,606	\$	18,517,214	\$	19,187,777	\$	20,422,686	\$	21,344,383

For more detail on the Village's Capital Assets, see Note 4 in the notes to the financial statements.

Long Term Debt – At April 30, 2021, the Village had \$5,829,313 in long-term debt.

Village of Lake Villa's Outstanding Debt

Governmental Activities						Business-Ty	/pe A	Activities	Total					
	4,	/30/2021	4.	/30/2020		4/30/2021		4/30/2020		4/30/2021		4/30/2020		
GO Bonds 2019	\$	743,235	\$	822,928	\$	-	\$	-	\$	743,235	\$	822,928		
GO Bonds		-		-		1,375,000		1,585,000		1,375,000		1,585,000		
IEPA Loan 2013		-		-		-		67,306		-		67,306		
IEPA Loan 2017						3,711,078		3,908,524		3,711,078		3,908,524		
Total	\$	743,235	\$	822,928	\$	5,086,078	\$	5,560,830	\$	5,829,313	\$	6,383,758		

For more detail on the Village's long-term debt, see Note 5 in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Village considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2022 budget. Those factors included expected property tax revenues, income and utility tax revenues, projected expenses, necessary capital outlay and account fund balances.

The General Operating Fund 2021-2022 budgeted fund surplus of \$28,445 that includes the costs of providing services such as police protection, park maintenance, street maintenance, administrative services, and code compliance services.

The General Capital Fund receives revenue from video gaming, water tower leases, and a portion of sales, use and income tax. In addition, this fund will receive funds in excess of the General Operating Fund designated fund reserve. These funds are set apart from operational spending and reserved for one-time community improvements and major equipment replacements. The fiscal year 2021-2022 budget of \$1,141,749 includes the following projects as well as other equipment purchases and improvement projects:

•	Downtown Sidewalk	\$445,879
•	Economic Incentive	\$20,000
•	Building Repairs	\$73,700
•	Repairs and Improvements	\$50,000
•	Office Furniture	\$26,670
•	Comprehensive Plan	\$26,000
•	Public Works Paving (50%)	\$40,000
•	COVID Expenses	\$5,000
•	Sidewalk Engineering: Grand Ave	\$55,000
•	Sidewalk Engineering: Grass Lake Rd	\$30,000
•	Sidewalk Replacements	\$50,000
•	Road Resurfacing Reserve	\$300,000
•	Service Request System	\$7,000
•	Entryway/Park Signs	\$12,500

The Water and Sewer Operating Fund 2021-2022 budgeted fund deficit of \$100,899 which includes operating costs of the water and sewer system. The Village Board has approved a multi-year rate increase through May 1, 2023 for water and sewer rates. The Village Board continues to review these rate projections on an annual basis to ensure projections are on target.

The Water & Sewer Capital Fund receives revenue from one-time water and sewer connection fees generated from new building construction. In addition, this fund will receive funds in excess of the Water and Sewer Operating Fund designated fund reserve. These revenues are set apart from operational spending and reserved for one-time system improvements and replacements. The Water /Sewer Capital Fund 2021-2022 budget of \$308,800 includes the following system upgrades as well as other system repairs and improvements.

•	Repairs and Improvements	\$50,000
•	Grand Ave – Utility Relocation Design Eng.	\$36,000
•	Sanitary Sewer Manhole Repairs	\$40,000
•	Well House Chemical Conversion	\$30,000
•	Public Works Paving	\$40,000
•	Water System Hydraulic Study	\$75,000
•	Well 5 & 11 SCADA Upgrades	\$5,800
•	Water System Leak Survey	\$15,500
•	Water Tower Inspections	\$6,500
•	Milwaukee Ave. Inspection Valve	\$10,000

The Metra Fund 2021-2022 budgeted surplus of \$5,813 includes operating costs for the Metra station and parking lot.

The Mansion Fund 2021-2022 budgeted fund deficit of \$100,139 includes operating and maintenance costs for the Lehmann Mansion.

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund 2021-2022 budgeted surplus of \$264,150.

The Downtown Business District Fund 2021-2022 budgeted surplus of \$21,028.

The Public Works Equipment Replacement Fund receives revenue from the General Fund and the Water & Sewer fund to fund the regular replacement of Public Works vehicles and major equipment. The fund budget includes \$44,000 in vehicle and equipment purchases.

The Squad Car Replacement Fund receives revenue from the General Fund to fund the regular replacement of Police Department vehicles. The fund budget includes the purchase of two squad vehicles totaling \$83,230.

The Village approved the issuance of waterworks and sewerage system revenue bonds not to exceed \$1,300,000

Since March 2020, the COVID-19 outbreak in the United States has created disruptions in various governments and has continued to impact these organizations. The Village has not impacted during the year ended June 30, 2021. However, the extent of any additional impact on the Village is uncertain and cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's finances for all those with an interest in the Village's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Village of Lake Villa, 65 Cedar Ave., Lake Villa, IL 60046.



VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS APRIL 30, 2021

	Go	overnmental Activities	Вı	isiness-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Other Receivables	\$	4,779,911 2,037,812 261,888	\$	1,516,166 1,707,832 4,046	\$ 6,296,077 3,745,644 265,934
Capital Assets Land Construction in Progress Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation Total Assets	\$	3,845,656 58,486 6,818,833 17,802,586	\$	191,286 21,294,053 24,713,383	\$ 3,845,656 249,772 28,112,886 42,515,969
LIADILITIES					
LIABILITIES Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments Non-Current Liabilities	\$	752,218 -	\$	(1,404) 33,686	\$ 750,814 33,686
Due Within One Year		82,403		411,137	493,540
Due in More Than One Year Total Liabilities	\$	660,832 1,495,453	\$	4,674,941 5,118,360	\$ 5,335,773 6,613,813
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	\$	9,979,740	\$	16,399,261	\$ 26,379,001
GO Bond Series 2019		102,297		-	102,297
Streets		735,639		-	735,639
Drug Enforcement Squad Car		14,412 92,591		-	14,412 92,591
DUI		92,591		_	92,591
Insurance		49,139		_	49,139
Unemployment		28,159		_	28,159
Metra		34,730		-	34,730
Retirement		80,253		-	80,253
Celebration of Summer		6,387		-	6,387
Downtown TIF		305,666		-	305,666
Parks		83,691		<u>-</u>	83,691
Unrestricted / (Deficit)		4,784,859		3,195,762	 7,980,621
Total Net Position	\$	16,307,133	\$	19,595,023	\$ 35,902,156

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

					Progr	am Revenue	s		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position							
				.,		Operating		Capital			_					
		Expenses		charges for Services		Grants and ontributions		Grants and ontributions	G	overnmental Activities	Bu	siness-Type Activities		Total		
Functions/Programs	-	<u> Ехропооо</u>		00111000		THE IDUCTION		onti i bationo		71011711100		71011711100		rotar		
Governmental Activities																
General Government	\$	1,409,879	\$	156,644	\$	396,542	\$	25,000	\$	(831,693)	\$	-	\$	(831,693)		
Police		3,117,864		155,426		-		-		(2,962,438)		-		(2,962,438)		
Public Works		10,867		-		-		-		(10,867)		-		(10,867)		
Streets		1,764,927		13,464		-		288,033		(1,463,430)		-		(1,463,430)		
Building and Grounds		400,677		107,144		-		-		(293,533)		-		(293,533)		
Mansion		138,376		6,015		-		-		(132,361)		-		(132,361)		
Celebration of Summer Fun		50		-		-		-		(50)		-		(50)		
Interest and Fees on Long-Term Debt		27,979	_	-		-		-	_	(27,979)	_			(27,979)		
Dualisana Tura Ashirikia	\$	6,870,619	\$	438,693	\$	396,542	\$	313,033	\$	(5,722,351)	_\$_		\$	(5,722,351)		
Business-Type Activities	Ф	E07 E00	φ	607 770	Φ		φ		Φ		Φ	20.070	Φ	20.070		
Garbage Water and Sewer	\$	597,500 3,195,815	\$	627,779	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	30,279	\$	30,279		
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	3,793,315	\$	3,118,760 3,746,539	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$		\$	(77,055) (46,776)	\$	(77,055) (46,776)		
Total busiless-Type Activities	Φ	3,793,313	φ	3,740,539	Φ	-	φ	-	Ψ_	-	Ψ	(40,770)	φ	(40,770)		
Total Primary Government	\$	10,663,934	\$	4,185,232	\$	396,542	\$	313,033	\$	(5,722,351)	\$	(46,776)	\$	(5,769,127)		
		eral Revenue	S													
		xes							_		_		_			
		Property Tax							\$	2,510,956	\$	-	\$	2,510,956		
		State Sales Ta								903,578		-		903,578		
		State Income								1,009,190		-		1,009,190		
		State Motor Fu	uel la	ax						342,216		-		342,216		
		Other Taxes	4							1,029,785		-		1,029,785		
		restricted Inv	estm	ent Earnings						47,508		41,243		88,751		
		scellaneous	ol of (Capital Assat	_					185,163 12,708		7,439		192,602		
		nin on Disposa			5							(21.900)		12,708		
		nin/(Loss) on I nnection and								(31,890)		(31,890) 57,577		(63,780) 57,577		
		sfers	FEIII	IIII Fees						- 148,492		(148,492)		37,377 -		
		l General Rev	enue	es and Transf	ers				\$	6,157,706	\$	(74,123)	\$	6,083,583		
	1014	r ochoral rev	Criac	o and manor	010				Ψ_	0,107,700	Ψ_	(74,120)	Ψ_	0,000,000		
	Chai	nge in Net Po	sition	1					\$	435,355	\$	(120,899)	\$	314,456		
	Net I	Position - Beg	innin	g of Year						15,871,778		19,715,922		35,587,700		
	Net I	Position - End	of Y	ear					\$	16,307,133	\$	19,595,023	\$	35,902,156		

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF APRIL 30, 2021

	General Fund			Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Pr	General Capital ojects Fund		Nonmajor Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,122,439	\$	760,266	\$	1,744,317	\$	1,288,259	\$	4,915,281
Investments	Ψ	2,037,812	Ψ	700,200	Ψ	1,744,517	Ψ	1,200,239	Ψ	2,037,812
Other Receivables		11,842		_		_		250,046		261,888
Due from Other Funds		200		_		257,139		-		257,339
Total Assets	\$	3,172,293	\$	760,266	\$	2,001,456	\$	1,538,305	\$	7,472,320
				<u> </u>				<u> </u>		
LIABILITIES										
Cash Overdraft	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	135,370	\$	135,370
Due to Other Funds	Ψ	752,418	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	257,139	Ψ	1,009,557
Total Liabilities	\$	752,418	\$	_	\$	_	\$	392,509	\$	1,144,927
								, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, ,-
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted										
GO Bond Series 2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	102,297	\$	102,297
Streets		-		735,639		-		-		735,639
Drug Enforcement		-		-		-		14,412		14,412
Squad Car		-		-		-		92,591		92,591
DUI		-		-		-		9,570		9,570
Insurance		-		-		-		49,139		49,139
Unemployment		28,159		-		-		-		28,159
Metra		-		-		-		34,730		34,730
Retirement		-		-		-		80,253		80,253
Celebration of Summer		-		-		-		6,387		6,387
Downtown TIF		-		-		-		305,666		305,666
Parks		-		-		-		83,691		83,691
Assigned										
GO Bond Series 2019		-		-		-		11,752		11,752
Streets		-		24,627		-		-		24,627
Public Works		-		-		-		15,494		15,494
Celebration of Summer		-		-		-		418		418
Squad Car		-		-		-		184		184
DUI		-		-		-		211		211
Parks		-		-		-		75,952		75,952
Capital Projects		-		-		2,001,456		-		2,001,456
Downtown TIF		-		-		-		80,725		80,725
Business District #1		-		-		-		321,412		321,412
Unassigned		2,391,716		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		(139,088)		2,252,628
Total Fund Balances	\$	2,419,875	\$	760,266	\$	2,001,456	\$	1,145,796	\$	6,327,393
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,172,293	\$	760,266	\$	2,001,456	\$	1,538,305	\$	7,472,320

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS APRIL 30, 2021

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 6,327,393

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation

10,722,975

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

General Obligation Note

(743,235)

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 1<u>6,307,133</u>

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

REVENUES	General Fund		Motor Fuel Tax Fund		General Capital Projects Fund		Nonmajor Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Local Taxes	¢	2 242 427	φ		φ	212.016	Φ	700 705	φ	1 21E 0E0
	\$	3,342,437	\$	-	\$	213,916	\$	788,705	\$	4,345,058
Intergovernmental Licenses and Permits		888,455		630,249		219,996		-		1,738,700
		229,200		-		-		100		229,200
Fines		92,872		-		- 25 000		106		92,978
Grant Revenue		396,542		-		25,000		-		421,542
Other	Ф.	289,570	ф.	961	ф.	34,588	ф.	24,067	Ф.	349,186
Total Revenues	\$	5,239,076	\$	631,210	\$	493,500	\$	812,878	\$	7,176,664
EXPENDITURES CURRENT										
General Government	\$	472,316	\$	-	\$	-	\$	630,672	\$	1,102,988
Police	•	2,979,016	-	_	•	-	-	2,640	·	2,981,656
Streets		885,306		-		-		-		885,306
Building and Grounds		168,708		-		-		_		168,708
Mansion		-		_		_		82,682		82,682
Celebration of Summer		-		_		_		50		50
CAPITAL OUTLAY										
General Government		5,807		_		257,228		7,106		270,141
Police		2,063		_		54,272		110,024		166,359
Public Works		_,000		_		-		181,343		181,343
Streets		3,018		632,135		_		14,205		649,358
DEBT SERVICE		0,010		002,100				,200		0.10,000
Principal		_		_		_		79,693		79,693
Interest and Fees		_		_		_		27,979		27,979
Total Expenditures	\$	4,516,234	\$	632,135	\$	311,500	\$	1,136,394	\$	6,596,263
'		, , ,		,		· · · · ·		, ,		<u> </u>
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	722,842	\$	(925)	\$	182,000	\$	(323,516)	\$	580,401
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES)	_		_		_		_		_	
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,708	\$	12,708
Gain/(Loss) on Investments		(31,890)		-		-		-		(31,890)
Transfers		(536,542)				396,542		288,492		148,492
	\$	(568,432)	\$		\$	396,542	\$	301,200	\$	129,310
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	154,410	\$	(925)	\$	578,542	\$	(22,316)	\$	709,711
FUND BALANCES - MAY 1, 2020		2,265,465		761,191		1,422,914		1,168,112		5,617,682
FUND BALANCES - APRIL 30, 2021	\$	2,419,875	\$	760,266	\$	2,001,456	\$	1,145,796	\$	6,327,393

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds \$ 709,711

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation expense in the current period.

 Depreciation Expense
 \$ (756,244)

 Capital Outlays
 402,195

 (354,049)

In the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis, only the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the undepreciated balance of the capital assets sold.

Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets

Gain on Sale of Capital Assets

\$ (12,708)

12,708

Repayment of long-term debt requires the use of current financial resources of governmental funds and is therefore shown as an expenditure in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis and is therefore not reported in the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis.

Repayment of Long-Term Debt 79,693

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 435,355

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS APRIL 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities					
	Water and Sewer			Garbage		Total Enterprise Funds
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,516,166	\$	-	\$	1,516,166
Investments		1,624,135		83,697		1,707,832
Other Receivables		4,046		=		4,046
Due from General Fund		1,404				1,404
	\$	3,145,751	\$	83,697	\$	3,229,448
Non-Current Assets						
Capital Assets						
Construction in Progress	\$	191,286	\$	-	\$	191,286
Other Capital Assets		3,735,402		-		3,735,402
Water and Sewer Systems		30,850,953		-		30,850,953
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	_	(13,292,302)			_	(13,292,302)
	\$	21,485,339	\$		\$	21,485,339
Total Assets	\$	24,631,090	\$	83,697	\$	24,714,787
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Due to Other Governments	\$	33,686	\$	-	\$	33,686
Bonds and Notes Payable - Current		411,137		-		411,137
,	\$	444,823	\$		\$	444,823
Non-Current Liabilities		·				·
Bonds and Notes Payable (Net of Current Portion Shown Above)	\$	4,674,941	\$	-	\$	4,674,941
Total Liabilities	\$	5,119,764	\$		\$	5,119,764
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	16,399,261	\$	_	\$	16,399,261
Unrestricted / (Deficit)	Ψ	3,112,065	Ψ	83,697	Ψ	3,195,762
		3,1.2,000		55,557		5,100,102
Total Net Position	\$	19,511,326	\$	83,697	\$	19,595,023

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

			Ente	erprise Fund		
		Water and Sewer		Garbage		Total Enterprise Funds
OPERATING REVENUES		_		<u> </u>		_
Charges for Services Water Customer Sales/Connection Fees Sewer Customer Sales/Connection Fees	\$	1,891,099 1,226,184	\$	- - 627,779	\$	1,891,099 1,226,184 627,779
Refuse and Recycling Collections County Connection Fees		- 57,577		627,779		57,577
Water Meter Sales		1,077		_		1,077
Inspection Fees		400		<u>-</u>		400
Miscellaneous Revenue		4,953		2,486		7,439
	\$	3,181,290	\$	630,265	\$	3,811,555
OPERATING EXPENSES Water Department						
Personnel Expenses	\$	332,997	\$	-	\$	332,997
Contractor Expenses		111,717		-		111,717
Operating Expenses		753,723		-		753,723
Depreciation		422,050		-		422,050
Sewer Department Personnel Expenses		331,840		_		331,840
Contractor Expenses		691,837		_		691,837
Operating Expenses		95,211		_		95,211
Depreciation		339,547		_		339,547
Garbage Services						
Contractor Expenses		-		593,754		593,754
Operating Expenses				3,746		3,746
	\$	3,078,922	\$	597,500	\$	3,676,422
OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS)	\$	102,368	\$	32,765	\$	135,133
NON-OPERATING REVENUE/(EXPENSE)						
Interest Income	\$	32,356	\$	8,887	\$	41,243
Interest Expense		(116,893)		-		(116,893)
Gain/(Loss) on Investments		(31,890)		-		(31,890)
	\$	(116,427)	\$	8,887	_\$_	(107,540)
INCOME/(LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	\$	(14,059)	\$	41,652	\$	27,593
TRANSFERS (TO)/FROM OTHER FUNDS Transfers		(148,492)		-		(148,492)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(162,551)	\$	41,652	\$	(120,899)
NET POSITION - MAY 1, 2020		19,673,877		42,045		19,715,922
NET POSITION - APRIL 30, 2021	\$	19,511,326	\$	83,697	\$	19,595,023

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

		erprise Fund er and Sewer
		nd Garbage
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from Customers Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services Payments to Employees for Services Internal Activity - Payments to Other Funds Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities	\$	3,811,512 (2,249,988) (664,837) (1,404) 895,283
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from Other Funds Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities	\$ \$	(148,492) (148,492)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of Capital Assets Interest Paid on Capital Debt Principal Paid on Capital Debt Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$	(201,786) (116,893) (474,752) (793,431)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments Proceeds from Sale of Investments Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Investing Activities	\$	41,243 700,434 741,677
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	695,037
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BALANCE - MAY 1, 2020		821,129
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BALANCE - APRIL 30, 2021	\$	1,516,166
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED/(USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income/(Loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	\$	135,133
provided by operating activities: Depreciation Expense Change in Assets and Liabilities:		761,597
Due To/From Other Funds Other Receivables		(1,404) (43)
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities	\$	895,283

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS APRIL 30, 2021

		Police Pension Trust Fund	Agency Fund		
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,499,648	\$	-	
Investments					
Corporate Bonds		561,334		-	
Mutual Funds		3,709,726		-	
Stocks		161,941		-	
Certificates of Deposit		206,312		83,968	
U.S. Agency Obligations		96,530		-	
U.S. Treasury Obligations		2,495,841		-	
Due from Other Funds		751,014		-	
Prepaids		1,868		-	
Accrued Interest		16,913		-	
Total Assets	_\$_	9,501,127	\$	83,968	
LIABILITIES					
Cash Overdraft	\$	_	\$	54,352	
Accounts Payable		53,969	•	, -	
Due to Other Funds		, -		200	
Due to Developers		-		29,416	
Total Liabilities	\$	53,969	\$	83,968	
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS	\$	9,447,158			

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

		Police Pension rust Fund
ADDITIONS Contributions		
Employer Plan Members	\$	719,296 136,937
Total Contributions	\$	856,233
Investment Income Interest and Dividends Net Increase/(Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Less: Investment Expense Net Investment Income	\$	273,343 1,087,769 (20,385) 1,340,727
Net investment income	Ψ_	1,340,727
Total Additions	\$	2,196,960
DEDUCTIONS Benefits Refunds Administrative Expenses Total Deductions	\$	558,676 6,593 36,405 601,674
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE)	\$	1,595,286
TRANSFERS (TO)/FROM OTHER FUNDS		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	1,595,286
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS - MAY 1, 2020		7,851,872
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS - APRIL 30, 2021	\$	9,447,158

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Village of Lake Villa's (Village) financial statements are prepared in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant accounting policies used by the Village are discussed below.

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements comply with the provisions of GASB statements, in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, and functions that comprise the Village. Component units are legally separate entities for which the Village (the primary entity) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the ability to appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing body and either (1) the Village's ability to impose its will over the organization or (2) the potential that the organization will provide a financial benefit to, or impose a financial burden on, the Village. Using these criteria, the Village has determined that the Police Pension Plan meets the above criteria. The Police Pension Plan is blended into the Village's primary government financial statements as a fiduciary fund although it remains a separate legal entity. In addition, the Village is not included as a component unit in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by GASB pronouncements.

B. Basic Financial Statements – Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Village's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Village as a whole) and fund (reporting the Village's major funds) financial statements. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The Village's General Government, Police, Public Works, Streets, Building and Grounds, Mansion, and Celebration of Summer Fund services are classified as governmental activities. The Village's water and sewer services and garbage fund are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis, the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis, and (b) are reported on a modified cash, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Village's net position is reported in three parts – net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The Village first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Village's functions and business-type activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, sales taxes, grants and contributions not restricted to specific activities, unrestricted investment earnings, etc.). The Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating, and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (General Government, Police, Public Works, Streets, Building and Grounds, Mansion, and Celebration of Summer Fund). Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenues (property taxes, sales taxes, grants and contributions not restricted to specific activities, unrestricted investment earnings, etc.).

The Village does not allocate indirect costs.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Village as an entity and the change in the Village's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

C. Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Village are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures of all governmental funds) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the Village:

1. Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position based on the current financial resource measurement focus (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Village:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The Motor Fuel Tax Fund includes revenues from motor fuel tax and other state road grants along with the related expenditures.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> – Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - Debt Service Funds are funds with cash reserved that is to be used to pay for the interest and principal payments on certain types of debt. The General Obligation Bond Series 2019 Fund is the Village's non-major debt service fund and includes re-payment of the debt that was issued during 2019, along with related expenditures.

The activities reported in these funds are reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

2. Proprietary Fund Types

The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resource" measurement focus. The object is determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The Village reports the following proprietary fund types:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues. The activities reported in these funds are reported as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Enterprise Funds include the Water and Sewer Fund and the Garbage Fund.

3. Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary Funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support Village programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

The Village's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (pension and agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (pension participants and developers) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the Village, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis and Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis and the fund financial statements, governmental activities and business-type activities are presented using the modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of the modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the Village utilized accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Separate bank accounts are not maintained for all Village funds. Instead, the funds maintain their cash balances in common bank accounts, with accounting records being maintained to show the portion of the common bank account balance attributable to each participating fund.

Occasionally certain of the funds participating in the common bank account will incur overdrafts (deficits) in the account. Such overdrafts in effect constitute cash borrowed from other Village funds. The Agency Fund had a cash overdraft of \$54,352, while various non-major funds had cash overdrafts totaling \$135,370 at April 30, 2021. Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices. Gains and losses on the sale of investments are recognized as they are incurred.

F. Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Certain enterprise fund resources can be classified as restricted cash and cash equivalents on the Balance Sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

G. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported either as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses.

Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or between proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more (\$25,000 or more for buildings and infrastructure) are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date of donation. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20 - 60 years
Land Improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and Office Equipment	5 - 25 years
Vehicles and Equipment	5 - 15 years
Water and Sewerage Infrastructure	30 - 50 years
Other Infrastructure	10 - 15 years

GASB Statement No. 34 requires the Village to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets acquired on or after May 1, 2004. Infrastructure assets include roads, sidewalks, underground pipe (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the Village. Neither their historical cost nor related depreciation has historically been reported in the financial statements.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the Balance Sheets and Statements of Net Position will sometimes report separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resource until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent an

acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resource until that time.

Compensated Absences

Under the cash basis of accounting, the Village does not accrue accumulated unpaid vacation and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. Vacations and the associated employee-related costs are recorded when paid.

J. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities and proprietary fund Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds on a straight-line basis. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums and discounts received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources/uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures in the year of issuance.

K. Government-Wide Net Position

Government-wide net position is divided into three components:

- 1. Net Investment in Capital Assets consists of capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted Net Position consists of net position that is restricted by the Village's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on shared revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors.
- 3. *Unrestricted Net Position* all other net positions are reported in this category.

L. Governmental Fund Balances

Governmental fund balances are divided between nonspendable and spendable.

Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact.

The spendable fund balances are arranged in a hierarchy based on spending constraints.

- Restricted Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints are placed on the use by either
 (a) external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) law
 through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as
 a result of constraints of the Board of Trustees. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other
 purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of action

- (e.g. legislation, resolution, ordinance). Committed fund balances differ from restricted balances because the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- 3. Assigned Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the Village's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by an appointed body (e.g. a budget or finance committee) or official to which the Board of Trustees has delegated the authority to assign, modify or rescind amounts to be used for specific purposes. The authority of the assigned fund balance has been retained by the Board of Trustees.
 - Assigned fund balances also include (a) all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds (other than the General Fund) that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed, and (b) amounts in the General Fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type. Assignment within the General Fund conveys that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purpose of the Village itself. All assigned fund balances are the residual amounts of the fund.
- 4. *Unassigned* Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents the General Fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds, and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

The Village permits funds to be expended in the following order: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned.

M. Property Tax Calendar and Revenues

The Village's property tax is levied each calendar year on all taxable real property located in the Village's district on or before the last Tuesday in December. The 2020 levy was passed by the Board on December 21, 2020. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the calendar year they are for and are payable in two installments early in June and early in September of the following calendar year. The Village receives significant distributions of tax receipts approximately one month after these dates.

N. Defining Operating Revenues and Expenses

The Village's proprietary funds distinguish between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses of the Village's Water and Sewer and Garbage Funds consist of charges for services and the costs of providing those services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All other revenue and expenses are reported as nonoperating.

O. Budgetary Information

A proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following May 1 is submitted to the Board of Trustees. The operating budget includes proposed disbursements and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.

The budget is legally enacted through passage of an appropriation ordinance. The budget was passed on April 20, 2020. An amended budget was passed on September 21, 2020. Budget amounts reflected on the Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis – Budget and Actual reflect the Village's internal working budget amounts which are lower than legal budget amounts. Therefore, all funds operated within legal budgets.

The Village Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits with financial institutions are fully insured or collateralized by securities held in the Village's name, except the following balance held by the Village:

Uninsured and uncollateralized: \$17,865

The Village is allowed to invest in securities as authorized by the Illinois Compiled Statutes, Chapter 30, Act 235/Articles 2 and 6.

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village has a policy that all deposits and investments in excess of any insurance shall be collateralized by pledged securities and the market value of the pledged securities shall equal or exceed the portion of deposit requiring collateralization. As of April 30, 2021, \$17,865 of the Village's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

As of April 30, 2021, the Village had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities (in Years)							
Investment	F	air Value	L	ess than 1		1 - 5	5	5 - 10	Мо	re than 10
State Investment Pool	\$	620,823	\$	620,823	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Gov't Agencies		729,560		-		500,155		-		229,405
Gov't Money Markets		637,911		637,911				-		637,911
Total Investments	\$	1,988,294	\$	1,258,734	\$	500,155	\$	-	\$	867,316

The fair value of investments in the State Investment Pool is the same as the value of pool shares. The State Investment Pool is not SEC-registered but does have regulatory oversight through the State of Illinois.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments based on credit risk. The Village's investment policy states that the Village cannot directly invest in securities maturing more than ten years from the date of purchase. As of April 30, 2021, the Village's investments were rated as follows:

Investment	Credit Rating	Rating Source
State Investment Pool	AAAm	Standard and Poor's
Gov't Agencies	AA+	Standard and Poor's
Gov't Money Markets	AAAm	Standard and Poor's

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Village categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Debt securities and certificates of deposit classified as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. The Village, including the Police Pension, have the following recurring fair value measurements as of April 30, 2021:

				Fair Value Measurements Using:						
Investments by fair value level		4/30/2021	Ac	oted Prices in tive Markets or Identical sets (Level 1)	C	Significant Other Observable uts (Level 2)				
Debt Securities: U.S. Treasury Securities	\$	2,495,841	\$	2,495,841	\$	_				
U.S. Government Agencies	Ψ	826,090	Ψ	-	Ψ	826,090				
Corporate bonds		561,334		_		561,334				
Certificate of Deposits		3,314,427		_		3,314,427				
Total Debt Securities	\$	7,197,692	\$	2,495,841	\$	4,701,851				
Equity Securities:										
Corporate Securities	\$	161,940	\$	161,940	\$	_				
Mutual Fund		3,709,726		3,709,726		-				
Total Equity Securities	\$	3,871,666	\$	3,871,666	\$	-				
Total Investments by fair value level	\$	11,069,358	\$	6,367,507	\$	4,701,851				

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2021 was as follows:

		Balance						Balance
	N	/lay 1, 2020	ay 1, 2020 Increases		Decreases		April 30, 2021	
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	3,838,656	\$	7,000	\$	-	\$	3,845,656
Construction in Progress				58,486		-		58,486
Total Capital Assets not being depreciated	\$	3,838,656	\$	65,486	\$	-	\$	3,904,142
Other Capital Assets:								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	4,143,317	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,143,317
Land Improvements		2,835,610		7,106		-		2,842,716
Furniture and Office Equipment		666,019		39,910		-		705,929
Vehicles and Equipment		2,393,665		289,693		73,098		2,610,260
Infrastructure		4,391,497		-		-		4,391,497
Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost	\$	14,430,108	\$	336,709	\$	73,098	\$	14,693,719
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	1,996,522	\$	134,672	\$	-	\$	2,131,194
Land Improvements		784,391		108,473		-		892,864
Furniture and Office Equipment		477,153		60,328		-		537,481
Vehicles and Equipment		1,698,783		201,637		73,098		1,827,322
Infrastructure		2,234,891		251,134		-		2,486,025
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	7,191,740	\$	756,244	\$	73,098	\$	7,874,886
Other Capital Assets, Net	\$	7,238,368	\$	(419,535)	\$	-	\$	6,818,833
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$	11,077,024	\$	(354,049)	\$	-	\$	10,722,975

May 1, 2020 Increases Decreases April 30, 2021 Business-Type Activities: Capital Assets not being depreciated: Construction in Progress \$ - \$ 191,286 \$ - \$ 191,286 Total Capital Assets not being depreciated \$ - \$ 191,286 \$ - \$ 191,286 Other Capital Assets not being depreciated \$ - \$ 191,286 \$ - \$ 191,286 Other Capital Assets. Buildings \$ 3,428,720 \$ - \$ 3,428,720 Land Improvements 15,980 - - 15,980 Equipment 223,911 - - 266,791 Vehicles and Equipment 223,911 - - 30,850,953 Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost \$ 34,575,855 \$ 10,500 - \$ 34,586,355 Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings \$ 624,697 69,088 - 693,785 Land Improvements 15,980 -			Balance					Balance
Capital Assets not being depreciated: Construction in Progress \$ - \$ 191,286 \$ - \$ 191,286 Total Capital Assets not being depreciated \$ - \$ 191,286 \$ - \$ 191,286 Other Capital Assets: \$ - \$ 191,286 \$ - \$ 191,286 Buildings \$ 3,428,720 \$ - \$ 3,428,720 Land Improvements 15,980 - - 15,980 Equipment 66,791 - - 66,791 Vehicles and Equipment 223,911 - - 223,911 Infrastructure 30,840,453 10,500 - 30,850,953 Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost \$ 34,575,855 10,500 - \$ 34,586,355 Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings \$ 624,697 \$ 69,088 \$ - \$ 693,785 Land Improvements 15,980 - - 15,980 Equipment 58,673 4,063 - 62,736 Vehicles and Equipment 178,679 7,383 -		N	May 1, 2020	 ncreases	Decreases		April 30, 2021	
Construction in Progress \$ - \$ 191,286 \$ - \$ 191,286 Total Capital Assets not being depreciated \$ - \$ 191,286 \$ - \$ 191,286 Other Capital Assets: Buildings \$ 3,428,720 \$ - \$ - \$ 3,428,720 Land Improvements 15,980 - - 15,980 Equipment 66,791 - - 66,791 Vehicles and Equipment 223,911 - - 223,911 Infrastructure 30,840,453 10,500 - 30,850,953 Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost \$ 34,575,855 \$ 10,500 - 30,850,953 Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings \$ 624,697 \$ 69,088 * - \$ 693,785 Land Improvements 15,980 - - 15,980 Equipment 58,673 4,063 - 62,736 Vehicles and Equipment 178,679 7,383 - 186,062 Infrastructure 11,652,676 681,063 -	Business-Type Activities:			 _				_
Total Capital Assets not being depreciated Other Capital Assets: - \$ 191,286 \$ - \$ 191,286 Buildings \$ 3,428,720 \$ - \$ 3,428,720 Land Improvements 15,980 - - 15,980 Equipment 66,791 - - 66,791 Vehicles and Equipment 223,911 - - 223,911 Infrastructure 30,840,453 10,500 - 30,850,953 Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost \$ 34,575,855 \$ 10,500 \$ - \$ 34,586,355 Less Accumulated Depreciation for: 8 624,697 \$ 69,088 \$ - \$ 693,785 Land Improvements 15,980 - - 15,980 Equipment 58,673 4,063 - 62,736 Vehicles and Equipment 178,679 7,383 - 186,062 Infrastructure 11,652,676 681,063 - 12,333,739 Total Accumulated Depreciation \$ 12,530,705 761,597 - \$ 13,292,302	Capital Assets not being depreciated:							
Other Capital Assets: Buildings \$ 3,428,720 \$ - \$ 3,428,720 Land Improvements 15,980 - - 15,980 Equipment 66,791 - - 66,791 Vehicles and Equipment 223,911 - - 223,911 Infrastructure 30,840,453 10,500 - 30,850,953 Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost \$ 34,575,855 \$ 10,500 - \$ 34,586,355 Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings \$ 624,697 \$ 69,088 - \$ 693,785 Land Improvements 15,980 - - 15,980 Equipment 58,673 4,063 - 62,736 Vehicles and Equipment 178,679 7,383 - 186,062 Infrastructure 11,652,676 681,063 - 12,333,739 Total Accumulated Depreciation \$ 12,530,705 761,597 - \$ 13,292,302 Other Capital Assets, Net \$ 22,045,150 (751,097) - \$ 21,294,053	Construction in Progress	\$	-	\$ 191,286	\$	-	\$	191,286
Buildings \$ 3,428,720 \$ - \$ 3,428,720 Land Improvements 15,980 - - 15,980 Equipment 66,791 - - 66,791 Vehicles and Equipment 223,911 - - 223,911 Infrastructure 30,840,453 10,500 - 30,850,953 Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost \$ 34,575,855 \$ 10,500 - \$ 34,586,355 Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings \$ 624,697 \$ 69,088 - \$ 693,785 Land Improvements 15,980 - - 15,980 Equipment 58,673 4,063 - 62,736 Vehicles and Equipment 178,679 7,383 - 186,062 Infrastructure 11,652,676 681,063 - 12,333,739 Total Accumulated Depreciation \$ 12,530,705 761,597 - \$ 13,292,302 Other Capital Assets, Net \$ 22,045,150 (751,097) - \$ 21,294,053	Total Capital Assets not being depreciated	\$	-	\$ 191,286	\$	-	\$	191,286
Land Improvements 15,980 - - 15,980 Equipment 66,791 - - 66,791 Vehicles and Equipment 223,911 - - 223,911 Infrastructure 30,840,453 10,500 - 30,850,953 Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost \$ 34,575,855 \$ 10,500 \$ - \$ 34,586,355 Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings \$ 624,697 \$ 69,088 \$ - \$ 693,785 Land Improvements 15,980 - - 15,980 Equipment 58,673 4,063 - 62,736 Vehicles and Equipment 178,679 7,383 - 186,062 Infrastructure 11,652,676 681,063 - 12,333,739 Total Accumulated Depreciation \$ 12,530,705 761,597 - \$ 13,292,302 Other Capital Assets, Net \$ 22,045,150 (751,097) - \$ 21,294,053	Other Capital Assets:							
Equipment 66,791 - - 66,791 Vehicles and Equipment 223,911 - - 223,911 Infrastructure 30,840,453 10,500 - 30,850,953 Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost \$ 34,575,855 \$ 10,500 - \$ 34,586,355 Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings \$ 624,697 \$ 69,088 \$ - \$ 693,785 Land Improvements 15,980 - - 15,980 Equipment 58,673 4,063 - 62,736 Vehicles and Equipment 178,679 7,383 - 186,062 Infrastructure 11,652,676 681,063 - 12,333,739 Total Accumulated Depreciation \$ 12,530,705 761,597 - \$ 13,292,302 Other Capital Assets, Net \$ 22,045,150 (751,097) - \$ 21,294,053	Buildings	\$	3,428,720	\$ -	\$	-	\$	3,428,720
Vehicles and Equipment 223,911 - - 223,911 Infrastructure 30,840,453 10,500 - 30,850,953 Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost \$ 34,575,855 \$ 10,500 \$ - \$ 34,586,355 Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings \$ 624,697 \$ 69,088 \$ - \$ 693,785 Land Improvements 15,980 - - - 15,980 Equipment 58,673 4,063 - 62,736 Vehicles and Equipment 178,679 7,383 - 186,062 Infrastructure 11,652,676 681,063 - 12,333,739 Total Accumulated Depreciation \$ 12,530,705 \$ 761,597 \$ - \$ 13,292,302 Other Capital Assets, Net \$ 22,045,150 \$ (751,097) \$ - \$ 21,294,053	Land Improvements		15,980	-		-		15,980
Infrastructure 30,840,453 10,500 - 30,850,953 Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost \$ 34,575,855 \$ 10,500 \$ 34,586,355 Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings \$ 624,697 \$ 69,088 \$ - \$ 693,785 Land Improvements 15,980 - - 15,980 Equipment 58,673 4,063 - 62,736 Vehicles and Equipment 178,679 7,383 - 186,062 Infrastructure 11,652,676 681,063 - 12,333,739 Total Accumulated Depreciation \$ 12,530,705 761,597 \$ - \$ 13,292,302 Other Capital Assets, Net \$ 22,045,150 (751,097) \$ - \$ 21,294,053	Equipment		66,791	-		-		66,791
Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost \$ 34,575,855 \$ 10,500 \$ 34,586,355 Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings \$ 624,697 \$ 69,088 \$ - \$ 693,785 Land Improvements 15,980 - - 15,980 Equipment 58,673 4,063 - 62,736 Vehicles and Equipment 178,679 7,383 - 186,062 Infrastructure 11,652,676 681,063 - 12,333,739 Total Accumulated Depreciation \$ 12,530,705 \$ 761,597 \$ - \$ 13,292,302 Other Capital Assets, Net \$ 22,045,150 \$ (751,097) \$ - \$ 21,294,053	Vehicles and Equipment		223,911	-		-		223,911
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings \$ 624,697 \$ 69,088 \$ - \$ 693,785 Land Improvements 15,980 - - 15,980 Equipment 58,673 4,063 - 62,736 Vehicles and Equipment 178,679 7,383 - 186,062 Infrastructure 11,652,676 681,063 - 12,333,739 Total Accumulated Depreciation \$ 12,530,705 \$ 761,597 \$ - \$ 13,292,302 Other Capital Assets, Net \$ 22,045,150 \$ (751,097) \$ - \$ 21,294,053	Infrastructure		30,840,453	10,500		-		30,850,953
Buildings \$ 624,697 \$ 69,088 \$ - \$ 693,785 Land Improvements 15,980 - - 15,980 Equipment 58,673 4,063 - 62,736 Vehicles and Equipment 178,679 7,383 - 186,062 Infrastructure 11,652,676 681,063 - 12,333,739 Total Accumulated Depreciation \$ 12,530,705 \$ 761,597 \$ - \$ 13,292,302 Other Capital Assets, Net \$ 22,045,150 \$ (751,097) \$ - \$ 21,294,053	Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost	\$	34,575,855	\$ 10,500	\$	-	\$	34,586,355
Land Improvements 15,980 - - 15,980 Equipment 58,673 4,063 - 62,736 Vehicles and Equipment 178,679 7,383 - 186,062 Infrastructure 11,652,676 681,063 - 12,333,739 Total Accumulated Depreciation \$ 12,530,705 \$ 761,597 \$ - \$ 13,292,302 Other Capital Assets, Net \$ 22,045,150 \$ (751,097) \$ - \$ 21,294,053	Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Equipment 58,673 4,063 - 62,736 Vehicles and Equipment 178,679 7,383 - 186,062 Infrastructure 11,652,676 681,063 - 12,333,739 Total Accumulated Depreciation \$ 12,530,705 \$ 761,597 \$ - \$ 13,292,302 Other Capital Assets, Net \$ 22,045,150 \$ (751,097) \$ - \$ 21,294,053	Buildings	\$	624,697	\$ 69,088	\$	-	\$	693,785
Vehicles and Equipment 178,679 7,383 - 186,062 Infrastructure 11,652,676 681,063 - 12,333,739 Total Accumulated Depreciation \$12,530,705 \$761,597 - \$13,292,302 Other Capital Assets, Net \$22,045,150 (751,097) - \$21,294,053	Land Improvements		15,980	-		-		15,980
Infrastructure 11,652,676 681,063 - 12,333,739 Total Accumulated Depreciation \$ 12,530,705 \$ 761,597 \$ - \$ 13,292,302 Other Capital Assets, Net \$ 22,045,150 \$ (751,097) \$ - \$ 21,294,053	Equipment		58,673	4,063		-		62,736
Total Accumulated Depreciation \$ 12,530,705 \$ 761,597 \$ - \$ 13,292,302 Other Capital Assets, Net \$ 22,045,150 \$ (751,097) \$ - \$ 21,294,053	Vehicles and Equipment		178,679	7,383		-		186,062
Other Capital Assets, Net \$ 22,045,150 \$ (751,097) \$ - \$ 21,294,053	Infrastructure		11,652,676	681,063		-		12,333,739
	Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	12,530,705	\$ 761,597	\$	-	\$	13,292,302
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, net \$ 22,045,150 \$ (559,811) \$ - \$ 21,485,339	Other Capital Assets, Net	\$	22,045,150	\$ (751,097)	\$	-	\$	21,294,053
	Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$	22,045,150	\$ (559,811)	\$	-	\$	21,485,339

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Business-Type Activities:	
Water Operations	\$ 422,050
Sewer Operations	 339,547
Total Business-Type Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 761,597
Business-Type Activities:	
Business-Type Activities.	
Water Operations	\$ 422,050
Sewer Operations	 339,547
Total Business-Type Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 761,597

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITY ACTIVITY

Long-term liability activity for the year ended April 30, 2021 was as follows:

One Year
\$ 82,403
\$ 82,403
\$ 210,000
-
201,137
\$ 411,137
\$ 493,540

Long-term debt consisted of the following at April 30, 2021:

	Date of Issuance	Maturity Date	Interest Rate			Carrying Amount
Governmental Activities GO Bond Series 2019	3/25/2019	3/25/2029	3.40%	\$	900,000	\$ 743,235
Business-Type Activities: GO Bonds IEPA Loan 2013 IEPA Loan 2017	12/17/2014 8/1/2001 5/30/2017	12/15/2026 12/1/2020 12/17/2036	2.0% - 3.0% 2.535% 1.86%	\$	2,550,000 1,038,400 4,472,954	\$ 1,375,000 - 3,711,078

On December 17, 2014, The Village issued \$2,550,000 in General Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A to refund \$2,550,000 of an outstanding 2006 issue. The money was deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent in order to redeem the debt. The 2006 issues were callable on April 30, 2015, therefore there was no defeased debt outstanding related to these bonds. The refunding of the 2006 bond generated a net savings of \$441,425.

On March 25, 2019, The Village issued \$900,000 in General Refunding Bonds for the purpose of paying the costs of streetscape improvements and land acquisition for municipal parking for the Village and for the payment of the expenses incident there to, providing for the security for and payment of said note, and authorizing the issues of the note.

At April 30, 2021 the annual debt service requirements to service long-term debt attributable to governmental activities are:

Year Ending April 30	F	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2022	\$	82,403	\$ 25,270	\$ 107,673
2023		85,204	22,468	107,672
2024		88,101	19,571	107,672
2025		91,097	16,576	107,673
2026		94,194	13,479	107,673
2027-2029		302,236	 20,781	 323,017
	\$	743,235	\$ 118,145	\$ 861,380

At April 30, 2021 the annual debt service requirements to service long-term debt attributable to business-type activities are:

Year Ending April 30	 Principal	 Interest	Total
2022	\$ 411,137	\$ 107,195	\$ 518,332
2023	419,895	98,186	518,081
2024	433,724	88,445	522,169
2025	447,625	78,357	525,982
2026	456,598	67,334	523,932
2027-2031	1,395,235	208,425	1,603,660
2032-2036	1,276,335	86,162	1,362,497
2037	245,529	 3,503	 249,032
	\$ 5,086,078	\$ 737,607	\$ 5,823,685

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances at April 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

Due From	Due To	 Amount
General Fund	Pension Fund	\$ 751,014
General Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	1,404
Business District #1	GO Note Series 2019 Fund	102,672
Downtown TIF Fund	General Capital Fund	253,421
Developer Escrows	General Fund	200
Park Ave TIF	General Capital Fund	3,718

The interfund balance due to Pension resulted from the Village contribution for property tax not being transferred prior to year-end.

The interfund balance due from the General Fund to the Water and Sewer Fund was for Credit Card Fees paid by the Water and Sewer Fund on behalf of the General Fund.

The interfund balance due from the Business District #1 fund to the GO Note Series 2019 Fund to the Business District #1 fund was bond payments made.

The interfund balance due from the Downtown TIF fund to the General Capital Fund was for a TIF economic incentive payment made from the General Capital Fund but needed to be paid from the Downtown TIF Fund.

The interfund balance due from Developer Escrows to the General Fund was for permit escrow transfer.

The interfund balance due from Park Ave TIF to the General Capital Fund was for legal expenses paid on behalf of the Park Ave TIF by the General Capital Fund.

Interfund transfers for the year ended April 30, 2021 were as follows:

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Squad Car Fund	\$ 76,000	Future capital purchases
General Fund	Public Works Fleet Replacement Fund	64,000	Future capital purchases
General Fund	General Capital Fund	396,542	Excess funds to be used for future capital purchases
Metra Fund	Liability Insurance Fund	5,249	To cover insurance premiums
Mansion Fund	Liability Insurance Fund	5,249	To cover insurance premiums
Water and Sewer Fund	Public Works Fleet Replacement Fund	96,000	Future capital purchases
Water and Sewer Fund	Liability Insurance Fund	52,492	To cover insurance premiums

NOTE 7 - DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The Mansion Fund, Special Events Funds and Park Ave TIF Fund had a deficit fund balances of \$127,990, \$7,380, and \$3,718, respectively as of April 30, 2021.

NOTE 8 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes recorded in these financial statements are from the 2019 tax levies. A summary of the assessed valuation, rates, and extensions for the years 2019, 2018, and 2017 follows:

TAX YEAR	:	2019)		2018	3	2017			
ASSESSED VALUATION	\$223	3,695	5,613	\$224	\$224,417,203			\$219,877,873		
	RATES	EX	TENSIONS	RATES	EX	TENSIONS	RATES	EX	TENSIONS	
Corporate	0.222375	\$	497,443	0.202148	\$	453,655	0.178511	\$	392,506	
Police Protection	0.215025		481,002	0.214471		481,310	0.214210		471,000	
Tort and Liability Insurance	0.077728		173,874	0.077478		173,874	0.085494		187,982	
Municipal Retirement	0.027364		61,212	0.028610		64,206	0.034110		75,000	
Unemployment Insurance	0.000045		101	0.000045		101	0.000046		101	
Audit	0.004471		10,000	0.004456		10,000	0.004548		10,000	
Social Security	0.080659		180,431	0.079910		179,332	0.083987		184,669	
Street and Bridge	0.052508		117,458	0.051790		116,225	0.053016		116,571	
Police Pension	0.321552		719,298	0.349638		784,648	0.375597		825,855	
	1.001727	\$	2,240,819	1.008546	\$	2,263,351	1.029519	\$	2,263,684	

NOTE 9 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET

For the year ended April 30, 2021, the following funds have expenditures that exceeded the budget.

			Exce	ess of Actual
Fund	Actual	 Budget	Ov	er Budget
General Fund	\$ 4,516,234	\$ 4,134,814	\$	381,420
DUI Fund	14,737	10,500		4,237
GO Note Series 2019 Fund	114,049	-		114,049
Downtown TIF Fund	130,699	42,550		88,149

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS

A. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Description

The Village's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Village's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. That report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired **before** January 1, 2011 are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last ten

years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired **on or after** January 1, 2011 are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last ten years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

All appointed employees of a participating employer who are employed in a position normally requiring 600 hours (1,000 hours for certain employees hired after 1981) or more of work in a year are required to participate.

Contributions

As set by statute, the Villages Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The Village's annual contribution rates for calendar year 2020 and 2021 were 9.88% and 9.54%, respectively. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021, the Village contributed \$107,710 to the plan. The Village also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

B. Social Security

Employees not qualifying for coverage under the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are considered "non-participating employees". These employees and those qualifying for coverage under the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are covered under Social Security. The Village paid the total required contribution for the current fiscal year.

C. Police Pension

Plan Description

The Police Pension Plan (Plan) is a single employer defined benefit pension plan that covers sworn police personnel of the Village. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 IL CS 5/3-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the Plan as a Pension Trust Fund and does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to Plan members and their beneficiaries. Chapter 40-Pensions-Act 5/Article 3 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the Plan to the Illinois legislature.

Contributions

Employees are required by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) to contribute 9.455% of their base salary to the Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the Plan and the administrative costs as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective January 1, 2011, the Village has until the year 2041 to fund 90% of the past service cost for the Plan. For the year ended April 30, 2021, the Village's contribution was \$719,296.

Investment Policy

ILCS limit the Plan's investments to those allowable by ILCS and require the Plan's Board of Trustees to adopt an investment policy which can be amended by a majority vote of the Board of Trustees. The Plan's investment policy authorizes the Plan to make deposits/invest in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements,

short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, investment grade corporate bonds and Illinois Funds. The Plan may also invest in certain non-U.S. obligations, Illinois municipal corporations tax anticipation warrants, veteran's loans, obligations of the State of Illinois and its political subdivisions, Illinois insurance company general and separate accounts, mutual funds and corporate equity securities.

The Plan's investment policy in accordance with ILCS establishes the following target allocation across asset classes:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target	Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income, Govt	40.00%	6.47%
Corporate Investment Grade	10.00%	5.59%
Domestic Equities	37.50%	12.32%
International Developed	12.50%	6.27%
Cash and Equivalents	0.00%	3.37%
	100.00%	

ILCS limits the Plan's investments in equities to 65% of total assets of the fund. Securities in any one company should not exceed 5% of the total fund. The blended asset class is comprised of all other asset classes to allow for rebalancing the portfolio. The Estimated Annual Inflation Rate (CPI) assumption used is 2.0%. The long-term expected rate of return on the Plan's investments was determined by the investment professionals that work with the fund, and best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class, adjusted for inflation. There are multiple approaches seen to providing these rates. Typically, the information is either based on capital market projections, or historical rates seen for the asset classes. Best estimates or arithmetic real rates of return excluding inflation for each major asset class are listed in the table above.

Investment Valuations

All investments in the Plan are stated at fair value and are recorded as of the trade date. Fair value is based on quoted market prices for debt securities, equity securities and mutual funds.

Investment Concentrations

There are no significant investments (other than U.S. Government guaranteed obligations) in any one organization that represent 5.0% or more of the Plan's investments.

Investment Rate of Return

For the year ended April 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments (excluding CDs), net of pension plan investment expense, was 6.75%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of a bank's failure, the Plan's deposits may not be returned to it. The Plan's investment policy requires all bank balances to be covered by federal depository insurance.

Interest Rate Risk

The following table presents the investments and maturities of the Plan's debt securities as of April 30, 2021:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)							
Investment	 Fair Value	L	ess than 1		1 - 5		5 - 10	More	e than 10
State Investment Pool	\$ 1,204,340	\$	1,204,340	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
US Treasury	2,495,841		161,534		1,924,120		410,187		-
FHLMC	96,530		96,530		-		-		-
Mutual Funds	3,709,726		3,709,726		-		-		-
Corporate Securities	161,940		161,940		-		-		-
Corporate Bonds	561,334		80,832		226,908		253,594		-
Total Investments	\$ 8,229,711	\$	5,414,902	\$	2,151,028	\$	663,781	\$	-

In accordance with its investment policy, the Plan limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for operating funds and maximizing yields for funds not needed for expected current cash flows. The investment policy does not limit the maximum maturity length of investments in the Plan.

Credit Risk

The Plan limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by primarily investing in obligations guaranteed by the United States Government, securities issued by agencies of the United States Government that are explicitly or implicitly guaranteed by the United States Government, and investment grade corporate bonds rated at or above BBB- by Standard and Poor's, Baa3 by Moody's and BBB- by Fitch by at least two of the three rating agencies. The fixed income securities are not rated Baa3 to Aaa by Moody's. However, certain fixed income securities are not rated. As of April 30, 2021, the Plan's investments were rated as follows:

Investment	Credit Rating	Rating Source
State Investment Pool	AAAm	Standard and Poor's
US Treasury	AA+	Standard and Poor's
FHLMC	AA+	Standard and Poor's
Corporate Bonds	A - BBB+	Standard and Poor's
Mutual Funds	N/A	N/A
Corporate Securities	N/A	N/A

NOTE 11 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT COMMITMENTS - RETIREE INSURANCE PLAN

Plan Overview

In addition to the retirement plans described in Note 10, the Village provides post-employment benefits other than pensions ("OPEB") to employees who meet certain criteria. The Plan, a single employer defined benefit plan, provides the following coverage:

Types of Coverage:
PPO
High PPO
HDHP PPO

Coverage Provisions: Retirees – Non-PSEBA

Pre-65 Coverage:

Employees may continue Employer sponsored insurance in retirement. They are responsible for the full cost of coverage including coverage for any eligible spouse/dependent. Eligible Spouse/Dependent coverage may continue should Retiree coverage terminate under COBRA provisions when an applicable qualifying event occurs. The Spouse/Dependent would be responsible for the full cost of coverage.

Post-65 Coverage:

Retirees may continue Employer sponsored insurance in retirement past Medicare eligibility. Eligible Spouse/Dependent coverage may continue should Retiree coverage terminate under COBRA provisions when an applicable qualifying event occurs. The Spouse/Dependent would be responsible for the full cost of coverage. Coverage is secondary to Medicare once eligible.

Retirees -PSEBA

Pre-65 Coverage:

Employees may continue Employer sponsored insurance in retirement. The Employer pays for the full cost of coverage for whichever basic group plan is elected, including the cost of coverage for any eligible spouse/dependent.

Eligible spouse coverage may continue after the death of the eligible employee, until and unless the spouse has remarried and/or become eligible for Medicare. The employer pays for the full cost of coverage for whichever basic group plan is elected if coverage continues. Upon a spouse's eligibility for Medicare, coverage may continue for the eligible spouse, with the Employer no longer paying any cost of coverage. Coverage is secondary to Medicare once eligible. Eligible dependent coverage may continue after the death of the eligible employee until the dependent reaches 18 years of age or until the end of the calendar year in which the dependent reaches 25 years of age, if the dependent continues to be dependent for support or the dependent is a student and is dependent for support. The employer pays for the full cost of coverage for whichever basic group plan is elected if coverage continues.

Assets	\$ 4,002,428
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension	55,596
	\$ 4,058,024
Liabilities	\$ 87,795
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	188,470
Net Position	3,781,759
	\$ 4,058,024
Revenues	\$ 938,460
Expenses	1,103,802
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Net Position	\$ (165,342)

Post-65 Coverage:

Retirees may continue Employer sponsored insurance in retirement past Medicare eligibility. They are responsible for the full cost of coverage including coverage for any eligible spouse/dependent, with the Employer no longer paying any cost of coverage.

Eligible spouse coverage may continue after the death of the eligible employee, until and unless the spouse has remarried and/or become eligible for Medicare. The employer pays for the full cost of coverage for whichever basic group plan is elected if coverage continues. Upon a spouse's eligibility for Medicare, coverage may continue for the eligible spouse, with the Employer no longer paying any cost of coverage. Coverage is secondary to Medicare once eligible.

Eligible dependent coverage may continue after the death of the eligible employee until the dependent reaches 18 years of age or until the end of the calendar year in which the dependent reaches 25 years of age, if the dependent continues to be dependent for support or the dependent is a student and is dependent for support. The employer pays for the full cost of coverage for whichever basic group plan is elected if coverage continues.

The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Eligibility

Employees of the Village are eligible for retiree health benefits as listed below:

Regular Plan Tier 1 (Enrolled in IMRF Prior to January 1, 2011)

- -Age 55 with at least 8 years of service (Reduced Pension)
- -Age 55 with at least 30 years of service (Reduced Pension)
- -Age 55 with at least 35 years of service (Full Pension)
- -Age 60 with at least 8 years of service (Full Pension)

Regular Plan Tier 2 (Enrolled in IMRF Prior to January 1, 2011)

- -Age 62 with at least 10 years of service (Reduced Pension)
- -Age 62 with at least 30 years of service (Reduced Pension)
- -Age 62 with at least 35 years of service (Full Pension)
- -Age 67 with at least 8 years of service (Full Pension)

Contribution

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. Employees are not required to contribute to the plan. Retirement plan contributions are only related to the subsidy; therefore, there are no direct cash contributions to report.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and injuries to employees.

The Village is a member of the Illinois Municipal League Risk Management Association (IMLRMA), a joint risk management pool of local governmental units through which property, general liability, automobile liability, crime, excess property, excess liability, and boiler and machinery coverage is provided in excess of specified limits for the members, acting as a single insurable unit.

The relationship between the Village and IMLRMA is governed by a contract and by-laws that have been adopted by resolution of each unit's governing body. The Village is contractually obligated to make all annual and supplementary contributions for IMLRMA, to report claims on a timely basis, cooperate with IMLRMA, its claims administrator and attorneys in claims investigation and settlement, and to follow risk management procedures as outlined by IMLRMA. Members have a contractual obligation to fund any deficit of IMLRMA attributable to a membership year during which they were a member. IMLRMA is responsible for administering the self-insurance program and purchasing excess insurance according to the direction of the Board of Directors. IMLRMA also provides its members with risk management services, including the defense of and settlement of claims, and establishes reasonable and necessary loss of reduction and prevention procedures to be followed by the members.

During the year ended April 30, 2021, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Also, there have been no settlement amounts that have exceeded insurance coverage in each of the past three years. The Village is insured under a retrospectively rated policy for workers' compensation coverage. Whereas, the initial premium may be adjusted based on actual experience. Adjustments in premiums are recorded when paid or received. During the year ended April 30, 2021, there were no significant adjustments in premiums based on actual experience.

NOTE 13 - JOINT VENTURE

A. Solid Waste Agency of Lake County

The Village is a member of the Solid Waste Agency of Lake County (Agency). The Agency is a municipal corporation with 44 members whose purpose is to provide a solution to solid waste disposal problems. Upon approval by a majority of its members, the Agency may issue bonds for which the individual members would be financially liable. The Village's contract with the Agency provides that each member is liable for its proportionate share of annual operating and fixed costs. The Village's share of these costs is expected to be funded through fees paid by refuse haulers. In addition, the Village is obligated for any costs arising from defaults in payment obligations by other members.

The following represents a summary of the Agency's balance sheet at November 30, 2020 and the statement of revenues and expenses for the year then ended.

Assets	\$ 4,002,428
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension	55,596
	\$ 4,058,024
Liabilities	\$ 87,795
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	188,470
Net Position	 3,781,759
	\$ 4,058,024
Revenues	\$ 938,460
Expenses	 1,103,802
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Net Position	\$ (165,342)

November 30, 2020 is the latest date information available. Total payments for fiscal year 2021 made under these agreements for the Village of Lake Villa were \$3,746. Audited financial statements of the Agency may be obtained from the Village or the Agency's administrative office located in Gurnee, Illinois.

B. Central Lake County Joint Action Water Agency

The Agency and twelve other members have entered into a joint agreement: to provide water to member municipalities on a wholesale basis; to plan, construct, acquire, develop, operate, maintain, or contract for facilities for receiving, sorting, and transmitting water from Lake Michigan for the principal use and mutual benefit of the municipalities and their water users; and to provide adequate supplies of such water on an economical and efficient basis for the municipalities.

A summary of financial condition (modified cash basis) of CLCJAWA at April 30, 2020 (most recent information available) is as follows:

Assets	\$ 191,631,584
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,716,326
	\$ 194,347,910
Liabilities	\$ 99,076,345
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,876,969
Net Position	93,394,596
	\$ 194,347,910
Revenues	\$ 24,810,221
Expenses	13,649,182
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 11,161,039

Complete financial statements for Central Lake County Joint Action Water Agency can be obtained from the Administration Offices at 200 Rockland Rd., Lake Bluff, Illinois 60044.

NOTE 14 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Employees of the Village may participate in a deferred compensation plan adopted under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457 (Deferred Compensation Plans with Respect to Service for State and Local Governments). The deferred compensation plan is available to all employees of the Village. Under the plan, employees may elect to defer a portion of their salaries and avoid paying taxes on the deferred portion until the withdrawal date. The deferred compensation amount is not available for withdrawal by employees until after termination, retirement, death, or unforeseen emergency.

The deferred compensation plan is administered by an unrelated financial institution. As part of its fiduciary role, the Village has an obligation of due care in selecting this third-party administrator.

NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS

At April 30, 2021, the Village was a member of various joint agreements. As a member, the Village assumes certain obligations with respect to the entities' liabilities. Further information on the more significant joint agreements are provided in Note 13.

The Village pays sewage usage fees and collection connection fees for and remits them to the County of Lake, Illinois (County), in accordance with an agreement for sewerage disposal dated August 23, 1991. During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021 the Village remitted \$644,039 to the County under the terms of this agreement.

NOTE 16 - LEGAL DEBT LIMITATION

The Illinois Compiled Statutes limits the amount of indebtedness to 8.625% of the most recent available equalized assessed valuation (EAV) of the Village.

2020 EAV		\$ 226,131,818
	Χ	8.625%
Debt Margin		\$ 19,503,869
Current Debt		743,235
Remaining Debt Margin		\$ 18,760,634

NOTE 17 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

The Village has implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This Statement establishes financial reporting standards related to Fiduciary Activities of the Village. Implementation of this standard resulted in no change to the Village.

NOTE 18 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

After year end, The Village approved the issuance of waterworks and sewerage system revenue bonds not to exceed \$1,300,000.

Since March 2020, the COVID-19 outbreak in the United States has created disruptions in various governments and has continued to impact these organizations. The Village was not impacted during the year ended June 30, 2021. However, the extent of any additional impact on the Village is uncertain and cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.



VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS ORIGINAL AND FINAL	ACTUAL AMOUNTS		
REVENUES	7.112 1 117 12	7111001110		
Local Taxes				
Property Tax	\$ 1,128,443	\$ 1,122,210		
Property Tax - Police Pension	· , -, -	719,296		
Property Tax - Road and Bridge	25,000	22,757		
Sales Tax	665,000	666,501		
Local Use Tax	271,954	271,954		
Telecommunication Tax	150,000	129,581		
Utility Tax - Gas	115,000	114,835		
Utility Tax - Electric	310,000	295,303		
Intergovernmental				
State Income Tax	871,915	871,916		
State Replacement Tax	13,000	16,539		
Federal Grants	-	396,542		
Licenses and Permits				
Amusement Licenses	900	50		
Building Permits	65,000	105,722		
Business Registration Fees	5,325	275		
Landscaping Inspection Fees	500	100		
Liquor Licenses	18,000	21,850		
Site Development Permits	1,000	1,322		
Vehicle Licenses	95,000	97,581		
Vending Licenses	1,775	2,250		
Watershed Permit	50	50		
Fines				
Court Fines	120,000	79,735		
Parking and Other Fines	55,000	13,137		
Other	455.000	450.000		
Cable Franchise Fees	155,000	159,809		
Investment Income	60,000	42,695		
Police Reports	500	2,448		
School Resource Officer Fees	121,000	60,000		
Zoning Books, Maps and Hearing Fees	800	-		
Other Revenue Total Revenues	25,280 \$ 4.275,442	24,618 \$ 5,239,076		
Total Revenues	\$ 4,275,442	\$ 5,239,076		
EXPENDITURES				
CURRENT				
General Government				
Personnel Salaries	\$ 288,017	\$ 262,499		
Health Insurance Premiums	48,500	52,755		
Training	13,900	10,917		
Legal and Professional Fees	93,015	98,988		
Computer Services	20,438	21,378		
Maintenance	2,984	3,492		
Printing and Publishing	13,700	7,417		
Office Supplies	7,350	5,418		
Credit Card Fees	900	1,402		
Miscellaneous	8,000	8,050		
	\$ 496,804	\$ 472,316		
	- - 100,001	<u> </u>		

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS ORIGINAL AND FINAL	_ 	ACTUAL AMOUNTS		
EXPENDITURES (Continued) CURRENT (Continued)					
Police					
Personnel Salaries	\$ 1,836,345	5 \$	1,733,759		
Employee Retirement	-		719,296		
Health Insurance Premiums	270,000)	237,314		
Physicals/Testing	1,500)	2,130		
Uniforms	16,850)	27,890		
Training	17,000)	14,008		
Range	11,100)	11,947		
Legal and Professional Fees	30,000)	34,295		
Dispatching	81,052	<u> </u>	80,000		
Radios	10,608		11,016		
Computer Services	2,200)	2,192		
Vehicle Maintenance	10,500)	2,887		
Equipment Maintenance	6,150		4,658		
Fuel	32,000		22,281		
Vehicle Supplies	18,000		22,200		
Police Commission	600		6,780		
Printing	6,500)	2,683		
Office Supplies	11,350		9,776		
Miscellaneous	31,715		33,904		
	\$ 2,393,470		2,979,016		
Streets					
Personnel Salaries	\$ 372,000) \$	368,747		
Health Insurance Premiums	80,000)	73,484		
Physicals/Testing	2,000)	127		
Uniforms	3,000)	1,886		
Training	2,000)	279		
Engineering	9,000)	7,256		
Vehicle Maintenance	17,500)	8,475		
Fuel	24,000)	16,711		
Street Sweeping	47,000		91,410		
Vehicle Supplies	30,000)	36,623		
Maintenance	162,000		117,413		
Electric	145,000		148,088		
Supplies	12,000)	14,807		
	\$ 905,500	\$	885,306		
Building and Grounds					
Engineering and Inspector Fees	\$ 93,300) \$	78,600		
Maintenance	19,000		31,214		
Utilities	2,400		-		
Supplies	31,000		32,588		
Cleaning	8,540		7,585		
Telephone	17,000		18,721		
·	\$ 171,240		168,708		
					

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

EXPENDITURES (Continued)	A	UDGETED MOUNTS DRIGINAL AND FINAL		ACTUAL MOUNTS
CAPITAL OUTLAY General Government	\$	13,300	\$	5,807
Police	*	78,500	Ψ	2,063
Streets		76,000		3,018
	\$	167,800	\$	10,888
Total Expenditures	\$	4,134,814	\$	4,516,234
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	140,628	\$	722,842
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) Gain/(Loss) on Investments Transfers	\$	- -	\$	(31,890) (536,542)
	\$	-	\$	(568,432)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	140,628	\$	154,410
FUND BALANCE - MAY 1, 2020				2,265,465
FUND BALANCE - APRIL 30, 2021			\$	2,419,875

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS				
	 ORIGINAL FINAL			ACTUAL AMOUNTS	
REVENUES Intergovernmental					
State Motor Fuel Tax Rebuild IL Funds	\$ 217,214 -	\$	217,214 97,981	\$	342,216 288,033
Other Interest	6,000		6,000		961
Total Revenues	\$ 223,214	\$	321,195	\$	631,210
EXPENDITURES	\$ 652,765		652,765	\$	632,135
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ (429,551)	\$	(331,570)	\$	(925)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES)	 				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (429,551)	\$	(331,570)	\$	(925)
FUND BALANCE - MAY 1, 2020					761,191
FUND BALANCE - APRIL 30, 2021				\$	760,266

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL CAPITAL FUND - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

	DGETED MOUNTS	
	RIGINAL ND FINAL	ACTUAL MOUNTS
REVENUES	 	
Local Taxes		
State Sales Tax	\$ 35,000	\$ 95,065
Local Use Taxes	14,313	118,851
Intergovernmental		
State Income Tax	45,890	137,274
Video Gaming	145,000	82,722
Other		
Rent - Water Tower	34,554	34,588
Grant Revenue	466,000	25,000
Other Revenues	 1,100	 -
Total Revenues	\$ 741,857	\$ 493,500
EXPENDITURES CAPITAL OUTLAY Maintenance - Streets General Government Police Streets	\$ 290,366 49,700 525,000 865,066	\$ 257,228 54,272 - 311,500
Total Expenditures	\$ 865,066	\$ 311,500
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ (123,209)	\$ 182,000
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) Transfers	 <u>-</u>	 396,542
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (123,209)	\$ 578,542
FUND BALANCE - MAY 1, 2020		\$ 1,422,914
FUND BALANCE - APRIL 30, 2021		\$ 2,001,456

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds																	pital l	Projects Fur		Dek	ot Service Fund							
	N	Mansion Fund		Metra Fund		Liability nsurance Fund	Re	etirement Fund		ebration of nmer Fund		Special ents Fund		g Seizure Fund		DUI Fund	Business District #1 Fund	owntown TIF Fund	ark Ave IF Fund	Rep	olic Works Fleet blacement Fund	So	quad Car Fund	Pa 	rk Capital Fund		GO Note Series 2019		Total
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Other Assets	\$	- -	\$	34,684 46	\$	49,139 -	\$	80,253 -	\$	6,805 -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	14,412 -	\$	9,781 -	\$ 316,412 -	\$ 389,812 250,000	\$ <u>-</u> -	\$	15,494 -	\$	92,775 -	\$	159,643 -	\$	119,049 -	\$ 1	1,288,259 250,046
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	34,730	\$	49,139	\$	80,253	\$	6,805	\$		\$	14,412	\$	9,781	\$ 316,412	\$ 639,812	\$ -	\$	15,494	\$	92,775	\$	159,643	\$	119,049	\$ 1	1,538,305
LIABILITIES Cash Overdraft Due to Other Funds Total Liabilities	\$	127,990 - 127,990	\$	-	\$		\$	- - -	\$	- -	\$	7,380 - 7,380	\$	- -	\$	-	\$ - (5,000) (5,000)	\$ - 253,421 253,421	\$ - 3,718 3,718	\$		\$	-	\$	- - -	\$	5,000 5,000	\$ 	135,370 257,139 392,509
FUND BALANCE Restricted Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balance	\$	- (127,990) (127,990)	\$	34,730 - - 34,730	\$	49,139 - - - 49,139	\$	80,253 - - 80,253	\$	6,387 418 - 6,805	\$	- (7,380) (7,380)	\$	14,412 - - 14,412	\$	9,570 211 - 9,781	\$ 321,412 - 321,412	\$ 305,666 80,725 - 386,391	\$ - (3,718) (3,718)	\$	- 15,494 - 15,494	\$	92,591 184 - 92,775	\$	83,691 75,952 - 159,643	\$	102,297 11,752 - 114,049		778,736 506,148 (139,088) I,145,796
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	_	\$	34,730	\$	49,139	\$	80,253	\$	6,805	\$		\$	14,412	\$	9,781	\$ 316,412	\$ 639,812	\$ -	\$	15,494	\$	92,775	\$	159,643	\$	119,049	\$^	1,538,305

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

										Spe	ecial F	Revenue Fu	nds												ıpital F	Projects Fu	nds		D 	ebt Serv Fund	ice		
		lansion Fund		Metra Fund		Liability nsurance Fund	R	etirement Fund		oration of ner Fund		Special ents Fund	Dru	ug Seizure Fund		DUI Fund		Business istrict #1 Fund		owntown IF Fund		ark Ave F Fund	Rep	olic Works Fleet placement Fund		juad Car Fund		k Capital Fund		GO Note Series 2019		To	otal
REVENUES Local Taxes																																	
Property Taxes Sales Tax	\$	-	\$	-	\$	175,607 -	\$	241,639 -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- -	\$	-	\$	- 142,012	\$	229,447	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		-		46,693 42,012
Fines DUI Fines Other		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		106		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		106
Interest Rent		- 6,015		508 -		-		- -		-		-		- -		-		3,164 -		180 -		-		- -		- -		-			-		3,852 6,015
Parking Fees Other Revenue Total Revenues	\$	- - 6,015	<u> </u>	13,464 - 13,972	\$	- - 175,607	\$	241,639	•	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	•	238 238	\$	247 353	\$	- - 145,176	-\$	229,627	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>			\$	-	\$	- -			251 251		13,464 736 12,878
Total Nevertues	Ψ	0,013	Ψ	13,912	Ψ	173,007	Ψ	241,039	φ		φ		Ψ	230	φ	333	Ψ	145,170	Ψ	229,021	Ψ		φ		Ψ		Ψ				231	φ 0	12,070
EXPENDITURES Current Capital Outlay Total Expenses	\$ 	82,682 - 82,682	\$	20,503	\$	236,885	\$	236,530	\$	50 - 50	\$	2,117 - 2,117	\$	2,640 - 2,640	\$	- 14,737 14,737	\$	220 7,106 7,326	\$	130,699	\$	3,718 - 3,718	\$	- 181,343 181,343	\$	- 95,287 95,287	\$	- 14,205 14,205		107,6 - 107,6	<u> </u>	3	23,716 12,678 36,394
Total Expenses	Ψ	02,002	φ	20,303	Ψ	230,003	Ψ	230,330	Ψ	30	φ	2,117	φ	2,040	φ	14,737	φ	7,320	Ψ	130,099	Ψ	3,710	φ	101,343	Ψ	93,201	Ψ	14,200	_ Φ	107,0	012	φ 1,1	30,394
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	(76,667)	\$	(6,531)	_\$_	(61,278)	\$	5,109	\$	(50)	\$	(2,117)	\$	(2,402)	\$	(14,384)	\$	137,850	_\$	98,928	\$	(3,718)	\$	(181,343)	_\$	(95,287)	_\$	(14,205	<u>5)</u> \$	(107,4	121)	\$ (3	23,516)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) Proceeds from Sale																																	
of Fixed Assets Transfers	\$	(5,249)		(5,249)	\$	62,990	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	-	\$	(107,672)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- -	\$	160,000	\$	12,708 76,000		- -	\$	107,6	672	2	12,708 88,492
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	\$	(5,249)	\$	(5,249)	\$	62,990	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	(107,672)	\$		\$		\$	160,000	\$	88,708	\$	-		107,6	5/2	\$ 3	01,200
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(81,916)	\$	(11,780)	\$	1,712	\$	5,109	\$	(50)	\$	(2,117)	\$	(2,402)	\$	(14,384)	\$	30,178	\$	98,928	\$	(3,718)	\$	(21,343)	\$	(6,579)	\$	(14,205	5) \$	2	251	\$ (22,316)
FUND BALANCES - MAY 1, 2020		(46,074)	<u> </u>	46,510		47,427		75,144		6,855		(5,263)		16,814		24,165		291,234		287,463				36,837		99,354		173,848	<u>; </u>	113,7	798	1,1	68,112
FUND BALANCES - APRIL 30, 2021	\$	(127,990)	\$	34,730	\$	49,139	\$	80,253	\$	6,805	\$	(7,380)	\$	14,412	\$	9,781	\$	321,412	\$	386,391	\$	(3,718)	\$	15,494	\$	92,775	\$	159,643	3 \$	114,0)49	\$ 1,1	45,796

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION APRIL 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - BUDGETS

A proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following May 1 is submitted to the Board of Trustees. The operating budget includes proposed disbursements and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.

The budget is legally enacted through passage of an appropriation ordinance. The budget was passed on April 20, 2020 and the budget amendment was passed on September 21, 2020. Budget amounts reflected on the Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis – Budget and Actual reflect the Village's internal working budget amounts which are lower than legal budget amounts. Therefore, all funds operated within legal budgets.

NOTE 2 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET

For the year ended April 30, 2021, the following funds had expenditures that exceeded the budget:

			Exce	ss of Actual		
Fund	Actual	 Budget	Over Budget			
General Fund	\$ 4,516,234	\$ 4,134,814	\$	381,420		