VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA LAKE COUNTY, ILLINOIS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2016

eder, casella & co

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Village of Lake Villa Lake Villa, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of

Village of Lake Villa

as of and for the year ended April 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Village of Lake Villa as of April 30, 2016, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 19 to the financial statements, the Village implemented GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date.* Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The supplemental information as listed in the table of contents, which is the responsibility of management, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

EDER, CASELLA & CO. Certified Public Accountants

Eder, Casella & Co.

McHenry, Illinois September 9, 2016



VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Village of Lake Villa (Village), we offer readers of the Village's statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2016.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Village exceeded its liabilities at April 30, 2016 by \$33,477,832 (net position). Of this amount, \$6,251,413 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the Village's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Village's total net position increased by \$755,335, due primarily to a decrease in police expenses in comparison to the prior year.
- At April 30, 2016, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,328,535 an increase of \$714,651 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$2,068,220 is available for spending at the Village's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At April 30, 2016, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,069,086, or 56% of total General Fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis presents information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities arising from cash transactions, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported on the cash basis as soon as cash is received or disbursed, regardless of when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Village include General Government, Police, Public Works, Streets, Building and Grounds, Mansion, Celebration of Summer Fun, and Parks. The business-type activities of the Village include water and sewer operations.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9 and 10 of this report.

Fund financial statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds</u> - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Village's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet – Modified Cash Basis and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains thirteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet – Modified Cash Basis and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis for the General Fund, Motor Fuel Tax Fund and General Capital Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other ten funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 through 14 of this report.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> - The Village maintains one type of proprietary fund (enterprise fund). Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer operations, which is considered to be a major fund of the Village. The proprietary funds are Water & Sewer Fund, Water & Sewer Capital Fund, and Water & Sewer Equipment Replacement Fund.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 15 through 17 of this report.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Village. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village's own programs.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 18 and 19 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 42 of this report.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information concerning the Village's progress in meeting its obligation to provide as fully adequate as possible services to all of its residents.

The Village adopts an annual budget for all of its funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General and Motor Fuel Tax Funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The budgetary comparison statements can be found on pages 47 through 50 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village, assets exceeded liabilities by \$33,477,832 at April 30, 2016.

By far, the largest portion of the Village's net assets (76%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, land improvements, furniture and office equipment, vehicles and equipment, and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

		Villa	ge of Lake Villa	's Ne	t Position							
	Governmen	ital A	ctivities		Business-Type Activities				Total			
	4/30/2016		4/30/2015		4/30/2016		4/30/2015		4/30/2016		4/30/2015	
Assets												
Current and Other Assets	\$ 5,387,703	\$	4,764,379	\$	2,659,736	\$	3,722,606	\$	8,047,439	\$	8,486,985	
Capital Assets	9,283,722		9,411,897		18,959,746		18,062,875		28,243,468		27,474,772	
Total Assets	\$ 14,671,425	\$	14,176,276	\$	21,619,482	\$	21,785,481	\$	36,290,907	\$	35,961,757	
Liabilities												
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding	\$ 16,570	\$	164,106	\$	2,675,198	\$	2,929,538	\$	2,691,768	\$	3,093,644	
Other Liabilities	59,168		150,495		62,139		(4,879)		121,307		145,616	
Total Liabilities	\$ 75,738	\$	314,601	\$	2,737,337	\$	2,924,659	\$	2,813,075	\$	3,239,260	
Net Position	 						<u> </u>					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 9,267,152	\$	9,247,791	\$	16,284,548	\$	15,133,337	\$	25,551,700	\$	24,381,128	
Restricted	1,674,719		736,377		-		9,008		1,674,719		745,385	
Unrestricted	3,653,816		3,877,507		2,597,597		3,718,477		6,251,413		7,595,984	
Total Net Position	\$ 14,595,687	\$	13,861,675	\$	18,882,145	\$	18,860,822	\$	33,477,832	\$	32,722,497	

An additional portion of the Village's net position (5%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$6,251,413) may be used to meet the Village's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At April 30, 2016, the Village is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The Village's net position increased by \$755,335 during the year ended April 30, 2016.

	Village	of La	ake Villa's Char	nge ir	Net Position						
	Governmer	ital A	ctivities		Business-Ty	уре А	ctivities		To	tal	
	4/30/2016		4/30/2015		4/30/2016		4/30/2015		4/30/2016	4/30/2015	
Revenues								,			
Program Revenues											
Charges for Services	\$ 520,360	\$	582,618	\$	2,327,592	\$	2,055,214	\$	2,847,952	\$	2,637,832
Operating Grants and Contributions	168,388		-		-		-		168,388		-
Capital Grants and Contributions	5,215		24,274		-		-		5,215		24,274
General Revenues											
Property Taxes	1,611,450		2,210,161		-		-		1,611,450		2,210,161
Sales Tax	755,823		765,837		-		-		755,823		765,837
Other Taxes	2,207,165		2,210,726		-		-		2,207,165		2,210,726
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	17,534		4,647		27,408		630		44,942		5,277
Gain/(Loss) on Asset Disposal	1,809		3,900		-		-		1,809		3,900
Other General Revenue	314,092		162,756		8,091		73,793		322,183		236,549
Total Revenues	\$ 5,601,836	\$	5,964,919	\$	2,363,091	\$	2,129,637	\$	7,964,927	\$	8,094,556
Expenses											<u> </u>
General Government	\$ 1,356,826	\$	1,252,379	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,356,826	\$	1,252,379
Police	2,306,719		2,885,282		-		-		2,306,719		2,885,282
Public Works	66,182		-		-		-		66,182		-
Streets	1,036,220		1,234,100		-		-		1,036,220		1,234,100
Building and Grounds	179,480		235,195		-		-		179,480		235,195
Mansion	198,851		187,223		-		-		198,851		187,223
Celebration of Summer Fun	23,485		-		-		-		23,485		-
Debt Service	3,405		9,070		-		-		3,405		9,070
Water and Sewer	-		-		2,038,324		2,009,957		2,038,324		2,009,957
Total Expenses	\$ 5,171,168	\$	5,803,249	\$	2,038,324	\$	2,009,957	\$	7,209,492	\$	7,813,206
Increase/(Decrease) before Transfers	\$ 430,668	\$	161,670	\$	324,767	\$	119,680	\$	755,435	\$	281,350
Transfers	303,444		-		(303,444)		-		-		-
Increase/(Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 734,112	\$	161,670	\$	21,323	\$	119,680	\$	755,435	\$	281,350
Net Position - Beginning of Year	13,861,675		13,700,005		18,860,822		18,741,142		32,722,497		32,441,147
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 14,595,787	\$	13,861,675	\$	18,882,145	\$	18,860,822	\$	33,477,932	\$	32,722,497
		_						_			

Governmental Activities – Governmental activities increased the Village's net position by \$734,012.

Business-Type Activities – Business-type activities increased the Village's net position by \$21,323.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds - The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Village's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At April 30, 2016, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,328,535, an increase of \$714,651 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$2,068,220 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the Village's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for a variety of restricted purposes.

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. The focus of the Village's General Fund is to provide information on the revenues and expenditures of the funds that the Village receives from its general tax levies and from other unrestricted sources such as personal property replacement tax, grants, interest on bank deposits, and associated expenditures.

At April 30, 2016, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,069,086 while total fund balance was \$2,105,737, a decrease of \$440,418 in comparison with the prior year. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 56% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 57% of that same amount.

Motor Fuel Tax Fund

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund receipts exceeded disbursements and transfers by \$238,283 leaving a fund balance of \$748,697. This change was partly due to a decrease in streets expenditures in fiscal year 2016.

General Capital Fund

The net change in the fund balance was \$30,441 resulting in an ending fund balance of \$1,497,217. This change was partly due to a decrease in capital outlay expenditures in fiscal year 2016.

Proprietary funds - The Village's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at April 30, 2016 amounted to \$2,597,597. The total increase in net position for the Water and Sewer Fund was \$21,323. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the Village's business-type activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Village did not amend its budget for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2016; therefore, the amounts shown as original and final budget are the same.

Significant differences between the budget and actual revenues and expenditures are summarized as follows:

- The difference between the estimated revenues and the actual revenues was \$80,248 (unfavorable) due primarily to a decrease in utility tax revenue.
- The difference between the estimated expenditures and the actual expenditures was \$360,691 (favorable), and was primarily attributable to lower than expected expenditures for street sweeping and capital outlay.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets – The Village's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of April 30, 2016 amounts to \$28,243,468 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, land improvements, furniture and office equipment, vehicles and equipment, and infrastructure. The total increase in the Village's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 2.8%.

Major capital asset events during the year ended April 30, 2016 included the following:

Governmental Activities:

Mansion roof, gate, and sign - \$139,045

Business-Type Activities:

- Water main improvements \$1,193,080
- Sun Lake water main \$238,536

Village of Lake Villa's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmen	ital A	ctivities	Business-Type Activities					Total			
	4/30/2016		4/30/2015		4/30/2016		4/30/2015		4/30/2016		4/30/2015	
Land	\$ 3,473,435	\$	3,473,435	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,473,435	\$	3,473,435	
Construction in Progress	31,256		-		1,891,253		461,944		1,922,509		461,944	
Buildings and Improvements	2,571,624		2,567,793		1,870,376		1,915,778		4,442,000		4,483,571	
Land Improvements	859,066		934,297		2,885		4,216		861,951		938,513	
Furniture and Office Equipment	223,529		145,580		-		-		223,529		145,580	
Vehicles and Equipment	510,235		483,611		98,321		120,450		608,556		604,061	
Infrastructure	1,614,577		1,807,181		15,096,911		15,560,487		16,711,488		17,367,668	
Total	\$ 9,283,722	\$	9,411,897	\$	18,959,746	\$	18,062,875	\$	28,243,468	\$	27,474,772	

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in note 3 on pages 27 and 28 of this report.

Long Term Debt – At April 30, 2016, the Village had \$2,691,768 in long-term debt.

Village of Lake Villa's Outstanding Debt

		Governmen	tal Act	ivities	Business-Ty	ctivities	Total				
	4/	30/2016	4.	/30/2015	4/30/2016		4/30/2015	4/30/2016			1/30/2015
GO Tax Certificates	\$	-	\$	120,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	120,000
Installment Loan		16,570		44,106	-		-		16,570		44,106
GO Bonds		-		-	2,355,000		2,550,000		2,355,000		2,550,000
IEPA Loan		-		-	320,198		379,538		320,198		379,538
Total	\$	16,570	\$	164,106	\$ 2,675,198	\$	2,929,538	\$	2,691,768	\$	3,093,644

Additional information on the Village's long-term debt can be found in note 4 on pages 28 and 29 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Village considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2017 budget. Those factors included expected property tax revenues, income and utility tax revenues, projected expenses and capital outlay.

The General Capital Fund budget includes the following:

- Cedar Avenue street scape \$135,000
- Squad car replacement \$40,000
- Mansion pergola \$185,000
- Loffredo Park paving \$210,000

The Water and Sewer Fund budget includes the following:

- Water main replacement projects and construction engineering \$1,550,955
- Water storage tank \$1,517,200
- Water facilities building improvements \$1,073,000

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's finances for all those with an interest in the Village's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Village of Lake Villa, 65 Cedar Ave., Lake Villa, IL 60046.



VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS APRIL 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,641,852	\$ 536,239	\$ 4,178,091
Investments	1,731,992	2,119,494	3,851,486
Other Receivables	13,859	4,003	17,862
Capital Assets	,	•	,
Land	3,473,435	-	3,473,435
Construction in Progress	31,256	1,891,253	1,922,509
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	5,779,031	17,068,493	22,847,524
Total Assets	\$ 14,671,425	\$ 21,619,482	\$ 36,290,907
LIABILITIES			
Miscellaneous Payables	\$ -	\$ 29,482	\$ 29,482
Cash Overdraft	866	-	866
Refundable Deposits	46,950	7,452	54,402
Due to Other Funds	151	(151)	-
Due to Other Governments	11,201	25,356	36,557
Non-Current Liabilities			
Due Within One Year	16,570	245,810	262,380
Due in More Than One Year	-	2,429,388	2,429,388
Total Liabilities	\$ 75,738	\$ 2,737,337	\$ 2,813,075
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	\$ 9,267,152	\$ 16,284,548	\$ 25,551,700
Streets	747,871	-	747,871
Audit	8,893	-	8,893
Drug Enforcement	9,516	-	9,516
DUI	29,151	-	29,151
Unemployment	27,758	-	27,758
Metra	13,124	-	13,124
Retirement	41,524	-	41,524
Celebration of Summer	1,526	-	1,526
Parks	795,356	-	795,356
Unrestricted / (Deficit)	3,653,816	2,597,597	6,251,413
Total Net Position	\$ 14,595,687	\$ 18,882,145	\$ 33,477,832

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2016

Net (Expense) Revenue Program Revenues and Changes in Net Position Operating Capital Charges for Grants and Grants and Governmental Business-Type Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total Expenses Functions/Programs **Governmental Activities** General Government 1,356,826 18,900 \$ \$ (1,337,926)\$ (1,337,926)2,306,719 214,940 Police (2,091,779)(2,091,779)Public Works 66,282 (66, 282)(66,282)Streets 1,036,220 44,079 (992,141)(992,141)**Building and Grounds** 179,480 121,780 (57,700)(57,700)Mansion 198,851 120,661 5,215 (72,975)(72,975)Celebration of Summer Fun 23,485 25,011 1,526 1,526 143,377 143,377 143,377 Parks 3,405 Interest and Fees on Long-Term Debt (3,405)(3,405)520,360 \$ 168,388 \$ 5,215 5,171,268 \$ \$ (4,477,305)\$ \$ (4,477,305)**Business-Type Activities** Water and Sewer 2,327,592 \$ 289,268 289,268 2,038,324 **Total Primary Government** 7,209,592 2,847,952 \$ 168,388 \$ 5,215 \$ (4,477,305)\$ 289,268 (4,188,037)General Revenues Taxes Property Tax 1,611,450 1,611,450 State Sales Tax 755,823 755,823 State Income Tax 933,348 933,348 State Motor Fuel Tax 237.744 237.744 Other Taxes 1,036,073 1,036,073 **Unrestricted Investment Earnings** 17.534 27.408 44.942 Miscellaneous 314.092 8.091 322.183 Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Fixed Assets 1,809 1,809 Transfers 303,444 (303,444)4,943,372 Total General Revenues and Transfers 5,211,317 (267,945)Change in Net Position \$ 734,012 \$ 21,323 \$ 755,335 Net Position - Beginning of Year 13,861,675 18,860,822 32,722,497 Net Position - End of Year 14,595,687 \$ 18,882,145 \$ 33,477,832

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF APRIL 30, 2016

ACCETO	General Fund					General Capital Fund	 lonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Other Receivables	\$	408,232 1,731,992 13,859	\$	748,697 - -	\$	1,497,217 - -	\$ 987,706 - -	\$	3,641,852 1,731,992 13,859	
Total Assets	\$	2,154,083	\$	748,697	\$	1,497,217	\$ 987,706	\$	5,387,703	
LIABILITIES Cash Overdraft Refundable Deposits Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments	\$	- 36,994 151 11,201	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$ 866 9,956 - -	\$	866 46,950 151 11,201	
Total Liabilities	\$	48,346	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 10,822	\$	59,168	
FUND BALANCES Restricted										
Streets	\$	-	\$	747,871	\$	-	\$ -	\$	747,871	
Audit		8,893		-		-			8,893	
Drug Enforcement		-		-		-	9,516		9,516	
DUI		-		-		-	29,151		29,151	
Unemployment		27,758		-		-	-		27,758	
Metra		-		-		-	13,124		13,124	
Retirement		-		-		-	41,524		41,524	
Celebration of Summer		-		-		-	1,526		1,526	
Parks		-		-		-	795,356		795,356	
Assigned Capital Projects						1,497,217	_		1,497,217	
Streets		_		826		1,431,211	_		826	
Public Works		_		-		_	57,863		57,863	
Mansion		_		_		_	27,440		27,440	
Drug Enforcement		_		_		_	184		184	
DUI		_		_		_	157		157	
Parks		_		_		_	1,909		1,909	
Unassigned		2,069,086		_		-	(866)		2,068,220	
Total Fund Balances	\$	2,105,737	\$	748,697	\$	1,497,217	\$ 976,884	\$	5,328,535	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,154,083	\$	748,697	\$	1,497,217	\$ 987,706	\$	5,387,703	

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS APRIL 30, 2016

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 5,328,535

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation

9,283,722

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Notes Payable (16,570)

Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 14,595,687

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2016

	General Fund				General Capital Fund		lonmajor Funds	Total Governmenta Funds		
REVENUES	A COTT COT	•		•		•		•		
Local Taxes	\$ 2,675,063	\$		\$	75,357	\$	471,250	\$	3,221,670	
Intergovernmental	762,227	23	7,744		352,797		-		1,352,768	
Licenses and Permits	110,844		-		-		-		110,844	
Fines	145,278		-		-		8,030		153,308	
Other	312,086	Φ 00	539	_	98,051	Φ.	350,762	Φ.	761,438	
Total Revenues	\$ 4,005,498	\$ 23	8,283	\$	526,205	\$	830,042	\$	5,600,028	
EXPENDITURES CURRENT										
General Government	\$ 535,269	\$	-	\$	150,522	\$	605,664	\$	1,291,455	
Police	2,152,430		-		-		-		2,152,430	
Streets	791,362		-		-		-		791,362	
Building and Grounds	138,078		-		-		-		138,078	
Mansion	-		-		-		95,488		95,488	
Celebration of Summer Fun	-		-		-		23,485		23,485	
CAPITAL OUTLAY										
General Government	15,844		-		84,458		-		100,302	
Police	14,363		-		99,641		80,765		194,769	
Public Works	-		-		-		66,282		66,282	
Streets	6,829		-		22,098		-		28,927	
Building and Grounds	12,596		-		-		-		12,596	
Mansion	-		-		139,045		5,470		144,515	
DEBT SERVICE										
Principal	27,536		-		-		120,000		147,536	
Interest and Fees	1,125		-		-		2,280		3,405	
Total Expenditures	\$ 3,695,432	\$	-	\$	495,764	\$	999,434	\$	5,190,630	
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 310,066	\$ 23	8,283	\$	30,441	\$	(169,392)	\$	409,398	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES)										
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,809	\$	1,809	
Transfers	(750,484)				-		1,053,928		303,444	
	\$ (750,484)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,055,737	\$	305,253	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (440,418)	\$ 23	8,283	\$	30,441	\$	886,345	\$	714,651	
FUND BALANCES - MAY 1, 2015	2,546,155	51	0,414		1,466,776		90,539		4,613,884	
FUND BALANCES - APRIL 30, 2016	\$ 2,105,737	\$ 74	8,697	\$	1,497,217	\$	976,884	\$	5,328,535	

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2016

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 714,651

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation expense in the current period.

 Depreciation Expense
 \$ (561,037)

 Capital Outlays
 432,862

(128, 175)

Repayment of long-term debt requires the use of current financial resources of governmental funds and is therefore shown as an expenditure in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis and is therefore not reported in the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis.

Repayment of Long-Term Debt 147,536

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 734,012

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS APRIL 30, 2016

		terprise Fund ter and Sewer
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	536,239
Investments		2,119,494
Due from Other Funds		151
Other Receivable		4,003
	\$	2,659,887
Non-Current Assets		
Capital Assets		
Construction in Progress	\$	1,891,253
Other Capital Assets		2,532,483
Water and Sewer Systems		24,476,284
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(9,940,274)
	\$	18,959,746
Total Assets	\$	21,619,633
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Miscellaneous Payables	\$	29,482
Deposits and Escrows	·	7,452
Due to Other Governments		25,356
Bonds and Notes Payable - Current		245,810
,	\$	308,100
Non-Current Liabilities		<u>, </u>
Bonds and Notes Payable (Net of Current Portion Shown Above)	\$	2,429,388
Total Liabilities	\$	2,737,488
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	16,284,548
Unrestricted / (Deficit)	Ψ	2,597,597
		2,001,001
Total Net Position	\$	18,882,145

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2016

	En	terprise Fund
	Wa	ter and Sewer
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for Services	_	
Water Customer Sales	\$	1,144,226
Sewer Customer Sales		1,181,052
Water Meter Sales		1,114
Inspection Fees		1,200
Miscellaneous Revenue		8,091
	\$	2,335,683
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Water Department		
Personnel Expenses	\$	275,228
Contractor Expenses		60,040
Operating Expenses		198,875
Depreciation		306,835
Sewer Department		,
Personnel Expenses		270,087
Contractor Expenses		506,321
Operating Expenses		91,977
Depreciation		259,903
	\$	1,969,266
OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS)	\$	366,417
,		
NON-OPERATING REVENUE/(EXPENSE)		
Interest Income	\$	27,408
Interest Expense		(69,058)
	\$	(41,650)
INCOME/(LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	\$	324,767
` '		·
TRANSFERS (TO)/FROM OTHER FUNDS		
Transfers		(303,444)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	21,323
NET POSITION - MAY 1, 2015		18,860,822
NET POSITION - APRIL 30, 2016	\$	18,882,145

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2016

	Ent	terprise Fund
	Wat	ter and Sewer
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from Customers Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services Payments to Employees for Services Internal Activity - Payments to Other Funds Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities	\$	2,339,050 (857,213) (546,881) 65,283 1,000,239
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from Other Funds Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities	<u>\$</u>	(303,444) (303,444)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of Capital Assets Interest Paid on Capital Debt Principal Paid on Capital Debt Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$	(1,463,608) (69,058) (254,340) (1,787,006)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Investing Activities	<u>\$</u> \$	27,408 27,408
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	(1,062,803)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BALANCE - MAY 1, 2015		3,718,536
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BALANCE - APRIL 30, 2016	\$	2,655,733
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED/(USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income/(Loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	366,417
Depreciation Expense Change in assets and liabilities: Due To/From Other Funds		566,738 65,283
Other Receivable Miscellaneous Payables Deposits and Escrows		67 (1,566) 3,300
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities	\$	1,000,239

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS APRIL 30, 2016

ASSETS	Police Pension Trust Fund	Agency Fund
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$ 1,063,108 3,821,890	\$ 29,805 156,581
Total Assets	\$ 4,884,998	\$ 186,386
LIABILITIES Due to Developers	\$ -	\$ 186,386
Total Liabilities	\$ -	\$ 186,386
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS	\$ 4,884,998	

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2016

	1	Police Pension Frust Fund
ADDITIONS Contributions Employer Plan Members Other Revenue from Members	\$	609,619 138,489 50
Total Contributions	\$	748,158
Investment Income Interest and Dividends Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Investments Net Increase/(Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Less: Brokerage Fees Net Investment Income	\$	90,429 4,473 (110,135) (8,404) (23,637)
Total Additions	\$	724,521
DEDUCTIONS Benefits Administrative Expenses Total Deductions	\$	342,332 16,842 359,174
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE)	\$	365,347
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS - MAY 1, 2015		4,519,651
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS - APRIL 30, 2016	\$	4,884,998

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Village of Lake Villa's (Village) financial statements are prepared in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant accounting policies used by the Village are discussed below.

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements comply with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, and functions that comprise the Village. Component units are legally separate entities for which the Village (the primary entity) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the ability to appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing body and either (1) the Village's ability to impose its will over the organization or (2) the potential that the organization will provide a financial benefit to, or impose a financial burden on, the Village. Using these criteria, the Village has determined that the Police Pension Plan meets the above criteria. The Police Pension Plan is blended into the Village's primary government financial statements as a fiduciary fund although it remains a separate legal entity. In addition, the Village is not included as a component unit in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by GASB pronouncements.

B. Basic Financial Statements – Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Village's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Village as a whole) and fund (reporting the Village's major funds) financial statements. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The Village's General Government, Police, Public Works, Streets, Building and Grounds, Mansion, Celebration of Summer Fun, and Parks services are classified as governmental activities. The Village's water and sewer services are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis, the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis, and (b) are reported on a modified cash, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Village's net position is reported in three parts – net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The Village first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Village's functions and business-type activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, sales taxes, grants and contributions not restricted to specific activities, unrestricted investment earnings, etc.). The Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating, and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (General Government, Police, Public Works, Streets, Building and Grounds, Mansion, Celebration of Summer Fun, and Parks). Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

B. Basic Financial Statements – Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenues (property taxes, sales taxes, grants and contributions not restricted to specific activities, unrestricted investment earnings, etc.).

The Village does not allocate indirect costs.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Village as an entity and the change in the Village's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

C. Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Village are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures of all governmental funds) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the Village:

1. Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Village:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The Motor Fuel Tax Fund includes revenues from motor fuel tax and other state road grants along with the related expenditures.

<u>Debt Services Funds</u> – The Debt Services Fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for the periodic payment of principal, interest and related fees on general long-term debt.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> – Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

The activities reported in these funds are reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

C. Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

2. Proprietary Fund Types

The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resource" measurement focus. The object is determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The Village reports the following proprietary fund types:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues. The activities reported in these funds are reported as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

3. Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary Funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support Village programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

The Village's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (pension and agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (pension participants and developers) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the Village, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis and Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis and the fund financial statements, governmental activities and business-type activities are presented using the modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of the modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the Village utilized accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Separate bank accounts are not maintained for all Village funds. Instead, the funds maintain their cash balances in common bank accounts, with accounting records being maintained to show the portion of the common bank account balance attributable to each participating fund.

Occasionally certain of the funds participating in the common bank account will incur overdrafts (deficits) in the account. Such overdrafts in effect constitute cash borrowed from other Village funds. The Liability Insurance Fund had a cash overdraft at April 30, 2016.

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices. Gains and losses on the sale of investments are recognized as they are incurred.

F. Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Certain enterprise fund resources can be classified as restricted cash and cash equivalents on the Balance Sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

G. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported either as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses.

Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or between proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more (\$25,000 or more for buildings and infrastructure) are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date of donation. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20 - 60 years
Land Improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and Office Equipment	5 - 25 years
Vehicles and Equipment	5 - 15 years
Water and Sewerage Infrastructure	30 - 50 years
Other Infrastructure	10 - 15 years

GASB Statement No. 34 requires the Village to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets acquired on or after May 1, 2004. Infrastructure assets include roads, sidewalks,

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Capital Assets (Continued)

underground pipe (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the Village. Neither their historical cost nor related depreciation has historically been reported in the financial statements.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the Balance Sheets and Statements of Net Position will sometimes report separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resource until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resource until that time.

J. Compensated Absences

Under the cash basis of accounting, the Village does not accrue accumulated unpaid vacation and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. Vacations and the associated employee-related costs are recorded when paid.

K. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities and proprietary fund Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds on a straight-line basis. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums and discounts received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources/uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

L. Government-Wide Net Position

Government-wide net position is divided into three components:

- 1. Net Investment in Capital Assets consists of capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted Net Position consists of net position that is restricted by the Village's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on shared revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors.
- 3. *Unrestricted Net Position* all other net positions are reported in this category.

M. Governmental Fund Balances

Governmental fund balances are divided between nonspendable and spendable.

Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact.

The spendable fund balances are arranged in a hierarchy based on spending constraints.

- Restricted Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints are placed on the use by either (a) external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 2. Committed Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as a result of constraints of the Board of Trustees. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of action (e.g. legislation, resolution, ordinance). Committed fund balances differ from restricted balances because the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- 3. Assigned Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the Village's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by an appointed body (e.g. a budget or finance committee) or official to which the Board of Trustees has delegated the authority to assign, modify or rescind amounts to be used for specific purposes. The authority of the assigned fund balance has been retained by the Board of Trustees.
 - Assigned fund balances also include (a) all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds (other than the General Fund) that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed, and (b) amounts in the General Fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type. Assignment within the General Fund conveys that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purpose of the Village itself. All assigned fund balances are the residual amounts of the fund.
- 4. Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents the General Fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds, and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

The Village permits funds to be expended in the following order: Restricted, Committed, Assigned and Unassigned.

N. Property Tax Calendar and Revenues

The Village's property tax is levied each calendar year on all taxable real property located in the Village's district on or before the last Tuesday in December. The 2015 levy was passed by the Board on November 11, 2015. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the calendar year they are for and are payable in two

N. Property Tax Calendar and Revenues (Continued)

installments early in June and early in September of the following calendar year. The Village receives significant distributions of tax receipts approximately one month after these dates.

O. Defining Operating Revenues and Expenses

The Village's proprietary funds distinguish between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses of the Village's Water and Sewer Fund consist of charges for services and the costs of providing those services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All other revenue and expenses are reported as nonoperating.

P. Budgetary Information

A proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following May 1 is submitted to the Board of Trustees. The operating budget includes proposed disbursements and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.

The budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. The original budget was passed on July 22, 2015 and the Motor Fuel Tax Fund budget was amended on January 27, 2016. Budget amounts reflected on the Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Modified Cash – Budget and Actual reflect the Village's internal working budget amounts which are lower than legal budget amounts. Therefore, all funds operated within legal budgets.

The Village Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits with financial institutions are fully insured or collateralized by securities held in the Village's name. The Village is allowed to invest in securities as authorized by the Illinois Compiled Statutes, Chapter 30, Act 235/Articles 2 and 6.

Investments

As of April 30, 2016, the Village had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)					
Investment	Fair Value	Less than 1	1 - 5	5 - 10	More than 10		
State Investment Pool	\$ 1,755,844	\$ 1,755,844	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
GNMA	804,289	-	-	-	804,289		
Corporate Bonds	249,485				249,485		
Total Investments	\$ 2,809,618	\$ 1,755,844	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,053,774		

The fair value of investments in the State Investment Pool is the same as the value of pool shares. The State Investment Pool is not SEC-registered, but does have regulatory oversight through the State of Illinois.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments based on credit risk. The Village's investment policy states that the Village cannot directly invest in securities maturing more than ten years from the date of purchase. As of April 30, 2016, the Village's investments were rated as follows:

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Investment	Credit Rating	Rating Source
State Investment Pool	AAAm	Standard and Poor's
GNMA	AA+	Standard and Poor's
Corporate Bonds	A+	Standard and Poor's

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2016 was as follows:

	Balance						Balance	
	N	May 1, 2015	I	Increases	De	ecreases	A	pril 30, 2016
Governmental Activities:								_
Capital Assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	3,473,435	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,473,435
Construction in Progress		_		31,256		-		31,256
Total Capital Assets not being depreciated	\$	3,473,435	\$	31,256	\$	-	\$	3,504,691
Other Capital Assets:		_						
Buildings and Improvements	\$	3,912,533	\$	129,887	\$	-	\$	4,042,420
Land Improvements		1,762,887		-		-		1,762,887
Furniture and Office Equipment		259,721		105,896		-		365,617
Vehicles and Equipment		1,931,394		165,823		33,900		2,063,317
Infrastructure		2,508,554				-		2,508,554
Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost	\$	10,375,089	\$	401,606	\$	33,900	\$	10,742,795
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								_
Buildings and Improvements	\$	1,344,740	\$	126,056	\$	-	\$	1,470,796
Land Improvements		828,590		75,231		-		903,821
Furniture and Office Equipment		114,141		27,947		-		142,088
Vehicles and Equipment		1,447,783		139,199		33,900		1,553,082
Infrastructure		701,373		192,604		-		893,977
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	4,436,627	\$	561,037	\$	33,900	\$	4,963,764
Other Capital Assets, Net	\$	5,938,462	\$	(159,431)	\$	-	\$	5,779,031
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$	9,411,897	\$	(128,175)	\$	-	\$	9,283,722
Business-Type Activities:								
Capital Assets not being depreciated:	_		_		_		_	
Construction in Progress	\$	461,944	\$	1,463,609	\$	34,300	\$	1,891,253
Total Capital Assets not being depreciated	\$	461,944	\$	1,463,609	\$	34,300	\$	1,891,253
Other Capital Assets:								
Buildings	\$	2,244,382	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,244,382
Land Improvements		15,980		-		-		15,980
Equipment		19,612		-		-		19,612
Vehicles and Equipment		272,479		-		19,970		252,509
Infrastructure		24,441,984		34,300		-		24,476,284
Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost	_\$_	26,994,437	\$	34,300	\$	19,970	\$	27,008,767
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings	\$	328,604	\$	45,402	\$	-	\$	374,006
Land Improvements		11,764		1,331		-		13,095
Equipment		19,612		-		-		19,612
Vehicles and Equipment		152,029		22,129		19,970		154,188
Infrastructure		8,881,497		497,876		-		9,379,373
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	9,393,506	\$	566,738	\$	19,970	\$	9,940,274
Other Capital Assets, Net	\$	17,600,931	\$	(532,438)	\$	-	\$	17,068,493
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$	18,062,875	\$	931,171	\$	34,300	\$	18,959,746

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 80,123
Police	59,161
Streets	238,029
Building and Grounds	94,988
Mansion	 88,736
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 561,037
Business-Type Activities:	
Water Operations	\$ 306,835
Sewer Operations	 259,903
Total Business-Type Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 566,738

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM LIABILITY ACTIVITY

Long-term liability activity for the year ended April 30, 2016 was as follows:

	-	Balance ay 1, 2015	Ado	litions	Re	etirements	Аp	Balance oril 30, 2016	Dι	mounts ie Within ne Year
Governmental Activities:										
Long-Term Debt										
GO Tax Certificates	\$	120,000	\$	-	\$	120,000	\$	-	\$	-
Installment Loan		44,106				27,536		16,570		16,570
Total Governmental Activities										<u> </u>
Long-Term Debt	\$	164,106	\$	-	\$	147,536	\$	16,570	\$	16,570
Business-Type Activities: Long-Term Debt										
GO Bonds	\$	2,550,000	\$	-	\$	195,000	\$	2,355,000	\$	185,000
IEPA Loan		379,538		-		59,340		320,198		60,810
Total Business-Type Activities Long-Term Debt	\$	2,929,538	\$	-	\$	254,340	\$	2,675,198	\$	245,810

Long-term debt consisted of the following at April 30, 2016:

	Date of Issuance	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Face Amount	Carrying Amount
Governmental Activities:	issuance	Date	rate	Amount	Amount
GO Tax Certificates	8/1/2004	7/1/2015	1.45% - 3.8%	\$ 1,120,000	\$ -
Installment Loan	10/1/2012	10/1/2016	3.50%	106,836	16,570
Business-Type Activities:					
GO Bonds	12/17/2014	12/15/2026	2.0% - 3.0%	\$ 2,550,000	\$ 2,355,000
IEPA Loan	8/1/2001	12/1/2020	2.535%	1,038,400	320,198

On December 17, 2014, The Village issued \$2,550,000 in General Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A to refund \$2,550,000 of an outstanding 2006 issue. The money was deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent in order to redeem the debt. The 2006 issues were callable on April 30, 2015 so there was no defeased debt outstanding related to these bonds. The refunding of the 2006 bond generated a net savings of \$441,425.

On April 13, 2016, the Village authorized the issuance of \$4,850,000 Waterworks and Sewerage Revenue Bonds. No money had been received as of April 30, 2016.

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM LIABILITY ACTIVITY (Continued)

At April 30, 2016 the annual debt service requirements to service long-term debt attributable to governmental activities are:

Year Ending April 30	P	rincipal	Int	erest	Total		
2017	\$	16,570	\$	150	\$	16,720	

At April 30, 2016 the annual debt service requirements to service long-term debt attributable to business-type activities are:

Year Ending April 30	Principal		,	Interest			Total
2017	\$	245,810		\$	177,841	\$	423,651
2018		252,370			165,891		418,261
2019		258,970			153,466		412,436
2020		265,610			140,566		406,176
2021		277,438			126,691		404,129
2022		210,000			111,764		321,764
2023		215,000			95,858		310,858
2024		225,000			78,830		303,830
2025		235,000			60,793		295,793
2026		240,000			41,300		281,300
2027		250,000			21,100		271,100
	\$	2,675,198		\$	1,174,100	\$	3,849,298

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended April 30, 2016 were as follows:

Transfer From Transfer To		Amount	
General Fund	Park Capital Fund	\$	651,979
General Fund	Squad Car Fund		63,000
General Fund	Water and Sewer Fund		44,000
Metra Fund	Liability Insurance Fund		5,921
Metra Fund	Retirement Fund		2,000
Mansion Fund	Liability Insurance Fund		5,921
Mansion Fund	Retirement Fund		3,500
Debt Service Reserve Fund	General Fund		8,495
Water and Sewer Fund	Retirement Fund		128,632
Water and Sewer Fund	Liability Insurance Fund		108,812
Water and Sewer Fund	Public Works Fleet Replacement Fund		110,000

NOTE 6 - DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The following Village fund had a deficit fund balance as of April 30, 2016:

	April :	30, 2016
Fund	Fund	Balance
Liability Insurance	\$	866

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes recorded in these financial statements are from the 2014 tax levies. A summary of the assessed valuation, rates, and extensions for the years 2015, 2014, and 2013 follows:

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

TAX YEAR	2015		2014			2013			
ASSESSED VALUATION	\$201,482,270		\$193,259,227			\$193,301,952			
	RATES	EX	CTENSIONS	RATES	ΕX	CTENSIONS	RATES	Ε>	CTENSIONS
Corporate	0.263	\$	529,634	0.256	\$	495,345	0.271	\$	523,733
Police Protection	0.234		471,001	0.244		471,002	0.244		471,553
Tort and Liability Insurance	0.094		190,002	0.096		185,987	0.096		185,529
Municipal Retirement	0.039		78,002	0.049		93,889	0.043		83,101
Unemployment Insurance	0.000		101	0.000		100	0.003		5,798
Audit	0.005		10,002	0.008		15,001	0.008		15,461
Social Security	0.091		184,002	0.099		191,798	0.065		125,618
Street and Bridge	0.056		113,227	0.072		139,112	0.090		173,933
Police Pension	0.328		660,002	0.316		610,483	0.316		610,834
	1.110	\$	2,235,973	1.140	\$	2,202,717	1.136	\$	2,195,560

NOTE 8 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET

For the year ended April 30, 2016, the following funds had expenditures that exceeded the budget:

				Excess of Actual			
Fund		Actual		Budget		Over Budget	
Liability Insurance Fund	\$	262,056	\$	236,820	\$	25,236	-
Retirement Fund		320,542		285,686		34,856	

NOTE 9 - OPERATING LEASES, AS LESSEE

The Village, as lessee, leases two copiers, one for the Village office and one for the Police Department. The annual requirements to cover outstanding lease agreements at April 30, 2016 are:

Year Ending April 30	_Total F	Total Payments			
2017	\$	3,095			

For the year ended April 30, 2016, the Village expensed \$6,324 under both lease agreements.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS

A. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

1. Plan Description

The Village's defined benefit pension plan for Regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Village's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

A. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

2. Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired before January 1, 2011 are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last ten years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011 are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last ten years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

3. Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

All appointed employees of a participating employer who are employed in a position normally requiring 600 hours (1,000 hours for certain employees hired after 1981) or more of work in a year are required to participate. At December 31, 2014, the measurement date, the Village's membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	6
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	11
Active plan members	19
Total	36

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

A. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

4. Contributions

As set by statute, the Village's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The Village's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2015 was 9.83%. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2016, the Village contributed \$112,414 to the Plan. The Village also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

5. Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the IMRF as of December 31, 2014, calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 4,417,453
IMRF Fiduciary Net Position	4,340,663
Village's Net Pension Liability	76,790
IMRF Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	
of the Total Pension Liability	98.26%

See the Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios in the Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements for additional information related to the funded status of the Plan.

6. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability above was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2014 using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Assumptions					
Inflation	3.50%				
Price Inflation	2.75%				
Salary Increases	3.75% - 14.50% including inflation				
Interest Rate	7.50%				
Asset Valuation Method	Market value of assets				
	Experience-based Table of Rates,				
	specific to the type of eligibility				
Projected Retirement Age	condition, last updated for the 2014 valuation according to an experience				

The IMRF-specific rates for Mortality (for non-disabled retirees) were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For Disabled Retirees, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2014). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled

study from years 2011 to 2013.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

A. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

6. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Retirees Mortality Table, applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2014). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

7. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Target	Projected
Allocation	Return
63.2%	7.60%
2.6%	7.80%
23.5%	3.00%
4.3%	6.15%
4.5%	
	8.50%
	5.25%
	2.75%
1.9%	2.25%
100.0%	
	Allocation 63.2% 2.6% 23.5% 4.3% 4.5%

8. Single Discount Rate

The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the Plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this discount rate, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50%; the municipal bond rate is 3.56%; and resulting single discount rate is 7.50%.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

- A. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)
 - 9. Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of the District calculated using the discount rate of 7.50% as well as what the Village's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1%	Decrease	Discount Rate 7.50%		1% Increase		
		6.50%			8.50%		
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	796,339	\$	76,790	\$	(492,216)	

10. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2016, the Village's pension expense is \$326,985. At April 30, 2016, the Village's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources were as follows:

	Outflows		Inflows		Net Outflows	
Expense in Future Periods	of Resources		of Resources		of Resources	
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	37,712	\$	-	\$	37,712
Assumption changes		92,683		-		92,683
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on pension investments		45,475		-		45,475
Total deferred amounts to be recognized						
in pension expense in future periods	\$	175,870	\$	-	\$	175,870
Pension contributions made subsequent						
to the measurement date		149,830		-		149,830
Total deferred amounts related to pensions	\$	325,700	\$	-	\$	325,700

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be part of the pension expense in future years as follows:

	Ne	et Deferred
Year Ending		Outflows
December 31	of	Resources
2015	\$	36,824
2016		36,824
2017		36,824
2018		36,824
2019		25,455
Thereafter		3,119
	\$	175,870

B. Social Security

All employees are covered under Social Security. The Village paid the total required contribution for the current fiscal year.

NOTE 11 - POLICE PENSION PLAN

A. Plan Description

The Police Pension Plan (Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers sworn police personnel of the Village. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 IL CS 5/3-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the Plan as a Pension Trust Fund and does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

B. Plan Membership

Membership in the Plan consisted of the following at April 30, 2016, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits		9
Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them		2
Active plan members		17
	Total	28

C. Benefits Provided

The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to Plan members and their beneficiaries. Chapter 40-Pensions-Act 5/Article 3 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the Plan to the Illinois legislature.

D. Contributions

Employees are required by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the Plan and the administrative costs as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective January 1, 2011, the Village has until the year 2040 to fund 90% of the past service cost for the Plan. For the year ended April 30, 2016, the Village's contribution was 45.40% of covered payroll.

E. Investment Policy

ILCS limit the Plan's investments to those allowable by ILCS and require the Plan's Board of Trustees to adopt an investment policy which can be amended by a majority vote of the Board of Trustees. The Plan's investment policy authorizes the Plan to make deposits/invest in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, investment grade corporate bonds and Illinois Funds. The Plan may also invest in certain non-U.S. obligations, Illinois municipal corporations tax anticipation warrants, veteran's loans, obligations of the State of Illinois and its political subdivisions, Illinois insurance company general and separate accounts, mutual funds and corporate equity securities.

NOTE 11 - POLICE PENSION PLAN (Continued)

E. Investment Policy (Continued)

The Plan's investment policy in accordance with ILCS establishes the following target allocation across asset classes:

Asset Class	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income, Govt	44.00%	0.55%
Corporate Investment Grade	11.00%	0.17%
Domestic Equities	31.50%	2.05%
International Developed	11.25%	0.68%
Real Estate	2.25%	0.16%
Cash and Equivalents	0%	0%
	100.00%	

ILCS limit the Plan's investments in equities and mutual funds to 45%. Securities in any one company should not exceed 5% of the total fund. The blended asset class is comprised of all other asset classes to allow for rebalancing the portfolio.

The long-term expected rate of return on the Plan's investments was determined using an asset allocation study conducted by the Plan's investment management consultant in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major assets class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates or arithmetic real rates of return excluding inflation for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of April 30, 2016 are listed in the table above.

F. Investment Valuations

All investments in the Plan are stated at fair value and are recorded as of the trade date. Fair value is based on quoted market prices for debt securities, equity securities and mutual funds.

G. Investment Concentrations

There are no significant investments (other than U.S. Government guaranteed obligations) in any one organization that represent 5.0% or more of the Plan's investments.

H. Investment Rate of Return

For the year ended April 30, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments (excluding CD's), net of pension plan investment expense, was (0.93)%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

I. Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of a bank's failure, the Plan's deposits may not be returned to it. The Plan's investment policy requires all bank balances to be covered by federal depository insurance.

NOTE 11 - POLICE PENSION PLAN (Continued)

J. Interest Rate Risk

The following table presents the investments and maturities of the Plan's debt securities as of April 30, 2016:

			Investment Maturities (in Years)							
Investment	F	air Value	L	ess than 1		1 - 5		5 - 10	More	than 10
State Investment Pool	\$	803,229	\$	803,229	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
US Treasury		628,322		95,848		329,135		203,339		-
FHLMC		174,637		50,250		124,387		-		-
FNMA		117,664		-		117,664		-		-
Mutual Funds		1,672,772		1,672,772		-		-		-
Corporate Bonds		132,176		35,137		97,039		-		-
Total Investments	\$	3,528,800	\$	2,657,236	\$	668,225	\$	203,339	\$	-

In accordance with its investment policy, the Plan limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for operating funds and maximizing yields for funds not needed for expected current cash flows. The investment policy does not limit the maximum maturity length of investments in the Plan.

K. Credit Risk

The Plan limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by primarily investing in obligations guaranteed by the United States Government, securities issued by agencies of the United States Government that are explicitly or implicitly guaranteed by the United States Government, and investment grade corporate bonds rated at or above BBB- by Standard and Poor's, Baa3 by Moody's and BBB- by Fitch by at least two of the three rating agencies. The fixed income securities are not rated Baa3 to Aaa by Moody's. However, certain fixed income securities are not rated. As of April 30, 2016, the Plan's investments were rated as follows:

Investment	Credit Rating	Rating Source
State Investment Pool	AAAm	Standard and Poor's
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	AA+	Standard and Poor's
Federal National Mtg Assn	AA+	Standard and Poor's
Corporate Bonds	A+ - BBB+	Standard and Poor's

L. Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the Plan as of April 30, 2016, calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, were as follows:

Total Pensi	on Liability \$	11,609,354
Plan Fiduciary N	et Position	4,884,998
Village's Net Pensi	on Liability	6,724,356
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a F	'ercentage	
of the Total Pensi	on Liability	42.08%

See the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios in the Supplementary Information for additional information related to the funded status of the Plan.

NOTE 11 - POLICE PENSION PLAN (Continued)

M. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability above was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of April 30, 2016 using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial Valuation Date April 30, 2015 **Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal** Amortization Method/Period Level Dollar/Ends in fiscal year 2041 Asset Valuation Method 5- year smoothed market, no corridor Salary Increases Graded rates from 4.86% at age 25 to 1.12% at age 55, plus 2.00% inflation allowance Payroll Growth 3.50% per year Investment Rate of Return 6.75% per year

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Health Mortality Table (male) with blue collar adjustment projected by Scale BB to 2015. The mortality rates for disabled lives were based on the RP-2000 Combined Health Mortality Table (male) with blue collar adjustment projected by BB to 2015 with a 150% load for participants under age 50.

N. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the Village's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected not to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.75% was applied to determine the total pension liability.

O. Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of the Village calculated using the discount rate of 6.75% as well as what the Village's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Current						
	19	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1% Increase		
	5.75%			6.75%	7.75%		
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	(4,884,998)	\$	6,724,357	\$	(4,884,998)	

P. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2016, the Village's pension expense/(income) is \$782,920. At April 30, 2016, the Village's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources were as follows:

NOTE 11 - POLICE PENSION PLAN (Continued)

P. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

	Outflows		Inflows		Net Outflows	
Expense in Future Periods	of Resources		of Resources		of Resourc	
Differences between expected and actual	<u> </u>				<u> </u>	<u>.</u>
expense	\$	23,666	\$	-	\$	23,666
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investment		266,531		-		266,531
Total deferred amounts related to pensions	\$	290,197	\$	-	\$	290,197

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be part of the pension expense in future years as follows:

	Net Deferred
Year Ending	Outflows
April 30	of Resources
2017	\$ 69,959
2018	69,959
2019	69,959
2020	69,959
2021	3,327
thereafter	7,034
	\$ 290,197
the carter	

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and injuries to employees.

The Village is a member of the Illinois Municipal League Risk Management Association (IMLRMA), a joint risk management pool of local governmental units through which property, general liability, automobile liability, crime, excess property, excess liability, and boiler and machinery coverage is provided in excess of specified limits for the members, acting as a single insurable unit.

The relationship between the Village and IMLRMA is governed by a contract and by-laws that have been adopted by resolution of each unit's governing body. The Village is contractually obligated to make all annual and supplementary contributions for IMLRMA, to report claims on a timely basis, cooperate with IMLRMA, its claims administrator and attorneys in claims investigation and settlement, and to follow risk management procedures as outlined by IMLRMA. Members have a contractual obligation to fund any deficit of IMLRMA attributable to a membership year during which they were a member.

IMLRMA is responsible for administering the self-insurance program and purchasing excess insurance according to the direction of the Board of Directors. IMLRMA also provides its members with risk management services, including the defense of and settlement of claims, and establishes reasonable and necessary loss of reduction and prevention procedures to be followed by the members.

During the year ended April 30, 2016, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Also, there have been no settlement amounts that have exceeded insurance coverage in each of the past three years. The Village is insured under a retrospectively-rated policy for workers' compensation coverage. Whereas, the initial premium may be

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

adjusted based on actual experience. Adjustments in premiums are recorded when paid or received. During the year ended April 30, 2016, there were no significant adjustments in premiums based on actual experience.

NOTE 13 - JOINT VENTURE

The Village is a member of the Solid Waste Agency of Lake County (Agency). The Agency is a municipal corporation with 41 members whose purpose is to provide a solution to solid waste disposal problems. Upon approval by a majority of its members, the Agency may issue bonds for which the individual members would be financially liable. The Village's contract with the Agency provides that each member is liable for its proportionate share of annual operating and fixed costs. The Village's share of these costs is expected to be funded through fees paid by refuse haulers. In addition, the Village is obligated for any costs arising from defaults in payment obligations by other members.

The following represents a summary of the Agency's balance sheet at November 30, 2014 and the statement of revenues and expenses for the year then ended.

Current Assets	\$ 2,588,628
Capital Assets	 1,130,004
Total Assets	\$ 3,718,632
Current Liabilities	\$ 76,448
Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 1,130,004
Unrestricted	 2,512,180
Total Net Position	\$ 3,642,184
Revenue	\$ 1,187,138
Expenditures	\$ 1,038,665

November 30, 2014 is the latest date information available. Audited financial statements of the Agency may be obtained from the Village or the Agency's administrative office located in Gurnee, Illinois.

NOTE 14 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Employees of the Village may participate in a deferred compensation plan adopted under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457 (Deferred Compensation Plans with Respect to Service for State and Local Governments). The deferred compensation plan is available to all employees of the Village. Under the plan, employees may elect to defer a portion of their salaries and avoid paying taxes on the deferred portion until the withdrawal date. The deferred compensation amount is not available for withdrawal by employees until after termination, retirement, death or unforeseen emergency.

The deferred compensation plan is administered by an unrelated financial institution. As part of its fiduciary role, the Village has an obligation of due care in selecting this third party administrator.

NOTE 15 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Village provides certain health care insurance benefits for retired employees. In accordance with Illinois statutes, certain of the Village's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach retirement age while working

NOTE 15 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

for the Village. The State of Illinois requires IMRF employers who offer health insurance to their active employees to offer the same insurance to disabled members, retirees, and surviving spouses at the same premium rate for active employees. Therefore an implicit subsidy exists for retirees (that is, the difference between the premium rate charged to retirees for the benefit and the estimated rate that would be applicable to those retirees if that benefit were acquired for them as a separate group) resulting from the participation in postemployment healthcare plans that cover both active employees and retirees. The plan operates on a pay-as-you-go funding basis. No assets are accumulated or dedicated to funding the retiree health insurance benefits. Management considers the other post-employment benefit, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 16 - COMMITMENTS

At April 30, 2016, the Village was a member of various joint agreements. As a member, the Village assumes certain obligations with respect to the entities' liabilities. Further information on the more significant joint agreements are provided in Note 13.

The Village pays sewerage usage fees and collection connection fees for and remits them to the County of Lake, Illinois (County), in accordance with an agreement for sewerage disposal dated August 23, 1991. During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2016 the Village remitted \$609,513 to the County under the terms of this agreement.

During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2016, the Village had the following ongoing contracts:

- Cedar Avenue streetscape Total projected cost of \$135,000; \$22,098 paid as of April 30, 2016
- Mansion pergola Total projected cost of \$185,000; \$9,157 paid as of April 30, 2016
- Lake Michigan Project Total projected cost of \$427,644; \$427,644 paid as of April 30, 2016 (Design costs that will be capitalized when the projects are complete)
- Facilities building Total projected cost of \$1,273,300; \$15,471 paid as of April 30, 2016
- Storage tank Total projected cost of \$1,517,200; \$16,521 paid as of April 30, 2016
- Water main improvements Total projected cost of \$1,641,865; \$1,193,080 paid as of April 30, 2016
- Sun Lake water main Total projected cost of \$1,107,060; \$238,536 paid as of April 30, 2016

NOTE 17 - LEGAL DEBT LIMITATION

The Illinois Compiled Statutes limits the amount of indebtedness to 8.625% of the most recent available equalized assessed valuation (EAV) of the Village.

2015 EAV	\$	201,482,270
	X	8.625%
Debt Margin	\$,,
Current Debt	_	16,570
Remaining Debt Margin	\$	17,361,276

NOTE 18 - SUBSUEQUENT EVENTS

The Village has evaluated subsequent events through September 9, 2016, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 19 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

Effective in the year ended April 30, 2016, the Village has implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date.



VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS APRIL 30, 2016

	6	/30/2014 *
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY		
Service Cost	\$	121,626
Interest		295,155
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		45,074
Changes in Assumptions		110,776
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		(59,538)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$	513,093
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		3,904,360
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	4,417,453
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		
Contributions - Employer	\$	112,414
Contributions - Employer Contributions - Member	Ψ	51,305
Net Investment Income		245,958
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		(59,538)
Other		10,518
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	360,657
Plan Net Position - Beginning		3,980,006
Flatt Net Fosition - Deginning		3,960,000
Plan Net Position - Ending	\$	4,340,663
Village's Net Pension Liability	\$	76,790
Dian Fiduciary Not Desition as a December of the Total		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		98.26%
	_	
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	1,140,100
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of		
Covered-Employee Payroll		6.74%

^{*} This information presented is based on the actuarial valuation performed as of the December 31 year end prior to the fiscal year end listed above.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	6	/30/2014 *
Actuarial Determined Contribution	\$	112,705
Contributions in Relation to Actuarially Determined Contribution		112,414
Contribution Deficiency/(Excess)	\$	291
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	1,140,100
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		9.86%

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarial Method and Assumptions Used on the Calculation of the 2014 Contribution Rate *

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Actuarial Cost Method: Aggregate entry age = normal
Amortization Method: Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period: 29-year closed period

Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage Growth: 4%

Price Inflation: 3%, approximate; No explicit price inflation assumption is used in this valuation.

Salary Increases: 4.40% to 16%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.50%

Retirement Age: Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition; last updated for the 2011 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2008 to 2010.

Mortality: RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2020 using projection scale AA. For men, 120% of the table rates were used. For women, 92% of the table rates were used. For disabled lives, the mortality rates are the rates applicable to non-disabled lives set forward ten years.

*Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2012 actuarial valuation; note two year lag between valuation and rate setting.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA POLICE PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS APRIL 30, 2016

	2016	2015
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service Cost	\$ 358,919	\$ 362,617
Interest	721,404	649,073
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	26,992	(306,619)
Changes in Assumptions	-	700,192
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	(342,332)	(326,375)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$ 764,983	\$ 1,078,888
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	10,844,371	9,765,483
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 11,609,354	\$ 10,844,371
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		
Contributions - Employer	\$ 609,619	\$ 609,358
Contributions - Employer Contributions - Member	138,489	133,245
Net Investment Income		9,761
	(23,587)	
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions Administrative Expenses	(342,332)	(326,375)
	(16,842) \$ 365,347	(11,473) \$ 414.516
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 305,347	\$ 414,516
Plan Net Position - Beginning	4,519,651	4,105,135
Plan Net Position - Ending	\$ 4,884,998	\$ 4,519,651
Net Pension Liability	\$ 6,724,356	\$ 6,324,720
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total		
Pension Liability	42.08%	41.68%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 1,342,728	\$ 1,296,973
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of		
Covered-Employee Payroll	500.80%	487.65%
	2016	2015
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return,		
Net of Investment Expenses	2.00%	2.00%

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA POLICE PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION APRIL 30, 2016

	 4/30/2016	 4/30/2015
Actuarial Determined Contribution	\$ 793,589	\$ 781,829
Contributions in Relation to Actuarially Determined Contribution	609,619	 609,358
Contribution Deficiency/(Excess)	\$ 183,970	\$ 172,471
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 1,342,728	\$ 1,296,973
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	45.40%	46.98%

The information directly above is formatted to comply with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation is as follows: The actuarial cost method was entry age normal, the amortization method was level dollar to bring the plan's funded ratio to 90% by the end of fiscal year 2041 and the amortization period was 26 years.

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2016

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS ORIGINAL			ACTUAL		
	A	ND FINAL	AMOUNTS			
REVENUES						
Local Taxes						
Property Tax	\$	1,141,244	\$	1,119,358		
Property Tax - Road and Bridge		18,000		20,842		
Sales Tax		720,000		720,000		
Local Use Tax		145,538		161,626		
Telecommunication Tax		270,000		266,931		
Utility Tax - Gas		120,000		87,982		
Utility Tax - Electric		305,000		298,324		
Intergovernmental						
State Income Tax		763,089		747,001		
State Replacement Tax		12,000		15,226		
Licenses and Permits						
Amusement Licenses		2,800		3,275		
Building Permits		55,000		68,294		
Business Registration Fees		5,400		5,575		
Landscaping Inspection Fees		500		· -		
Liquor Licenses		13,800		18,350		
Site Development Permits		6,000		14,800		
Vending Licenses		2,850		525		
Watershed Permit		200		25		
Fines						
Court Fines		110,000		109,200		
Parking and Other Fines		95,000		36,078		
Other		,		,		
Cable Franchise Fees		150,000		196,267		
Computer Fund		-		1,801		
Grant Revenue		_		5,215		
Investment Income		45,000		10,273		
Police Reports		1,000		705		
School Resource Officer Fees		77,245		68,957		
Zoning Books, Maps and Hearing Fees		800		-		
Other Revenue		25,280		28,868		
Total Revenues	\$	4,085,746	\$	4,005,498		
Total November	<u> </u>	1,000,110	<u> </u>	1,000,100		
EXPENDITURES						
CURRENT						
General Government						
Personnel Salaries	\$	368,795	\$	361,229		
Health Insurance Premiums	Ψ	59,000	7	56,103		
Training		8,125		11,321		
Legal and Professional Fees		75,815		52,191		
Computer Services		18,628		14,724		
Maintenance		4,896		2,648		
Printing and Publishing		20,000		13,505		
i mang and i abilishing		20,000		10,000		

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2016

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS ORIGINAL AND FINAL			ACTUAL AMOUNTS		
EXPENDITURES (Continued)				_		
CURRENT (Continued)						
General Government (Continued)						
Public Relations	\$	3,500	\$	2,199		
Office Supplies		9,650		7,300		
Credit Card Fees		1,500		224		
Miscellaneous		8,900		13,825		
	\$	578,809	\$	535,269		
Police						
Personnel Salaries	\$	1,662,349	\$	1,649,406		
Health Insurance Premiums		270,000		270,571		
Physicals/Testing		1,500		=		
Uniforms		14,150		19,081		
Training		24,460		12,854		
Range		10,000		7,786		
Legal and Professional Fees		40,000		36,531		
Dispatching		46,322		45,816		
Radios		19,400		15,760		
Computer Services		11,360		6,984		
Vehicle Maintenance		4,800		7,031		
Equipment Maintenance		8,466		7,388		
Fuel		40,800		25,688		
Vehicle Supplies		17,100		15,181		
Police Commission		5,600		645		
Telephone		17,000		11,131		
Printing		3,000		4,605		
Office Supplies		13,750		11,861		
Miscellaneous		7,040		4,111		
	\$	2,217,097	\$	2,152,430		
Streets						
Personnel Salaries	\$	324,000	\$	328,038		
Health Insurance Premiums		75,000		70,746		
Physicals/Testing		2,000		_		
Uniforms		2,500		2,309		
Training		2,000		1,319		
Engineering		20,000		14,776		
Vehicle Maintenance		8,000		10,680		
Fuel		30,600		19,785		
Street Sweeping		115,000		24,349		
Vehicle Supplies		28,500		24,669		
Maintenance		139,500		134,407		
Electric		125,000		154,882		
Supplies		20,000		5,402		
	\$	892,100	\$	791,362		

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2016

	A	UDGETED MOUNTS DRIGINAL ND FINAL	ACTUAL AMOUNTS		
EXPENDITURES (Continued) CURRENT (Continued) Building and Grounds					
Engineering and Inspector Fees Maintenance Utilities Supplies Cleaning Telephone Miscellaneous	\$	60,000 19,000 1,250 35,000 9,500 24,000 9,328	\$	64,584 28,318 3,029 17,109 8,800 16,238	
CAPITAL OUTLAY General Government Police Streets	\$	28,700 76,000 50,500	\$	138,078 15,844 14,363 6,829	
Building and Grounds DEBT SERVICE	\$	12,000 167,200	\$	12,596 49,632	
Principal Interest and Fees	\$	42,839 - 42,839	\$	27,536 1,125 28,661	
Total Expenditures	\$	4,056,123	\$	3,695,432	
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	29,623	\$	310,066	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) Transfers		-		(750,484)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	29,623	\$	(440,418)	
FUND BALANCE - MAY 1, 2015		2,546,155		2,546,155	
FUND BALANCE - APRIL 30, 2016	\$	2,575,778	\$	2,105,737	

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2016

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS			ACTUAL		
	Ol	ORIGINAL FINAL		AMOUNTS		
REVENUES Intergovernmental						
State Motor Fuel Tax Other	\$	212,406	\$	212,406	\$	237,744
Interest		200		200		539
Total Revenues	\$	212,606	\$	212,606	\$	238,283
EXPENDITURES CURRENT Streets Engineering	\$	_	\$	22,288	\$	_
Total Expenditures	\$		\$	22,288	\$	_
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	212,606	\$	190,318	\$	238,283
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES)						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	212,606	\$	190,318	\$	238,283
FUND BALANCE - MAY 1, 2015		510,414		510,414		510,414
FUND BALANCE - APRIL 30, 2016	\$	723,020	\$	700,732	\$	748,697

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2016

	Debt Service Mansion Reserve Fund Fund				Metra Fund	Liability Insurance Fund		Retirement Fund		DUI Fund		Drug Seizure Fund		Squad Car Fund		Celebration of Summer Fund		Park Capital Fund		Public Works Fleet Replacement Fund		 Total
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$		\$	29,640	\$ 13,124	\$		\$	49,280	\$	29,308	\$	3,808	\$	5,892	\$	1,526	\$	797,265	\$	57,863	\$ 987,706
Total Assets	\$		\$	29,640	\$ 13,124	\$		\$	49,280	\$	29,308	\$	3,808	\$	5,892	\$	1,526	\$	797,265	\$	57,863	\$ 987,706
LIABILITIES																						
Cash Overdraft	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	866	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 866
Refundable Deposits		-		2,200	 	_	-		7,756													 9,956
Total Liabilities	\$		\$	2,200	\$ 	\$	866	\$	7,756	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 10,822
FUND BALANCE																						
Restricted	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 13,124	\$	-	\$	41,524	\$	29,151	\$	3,808	\$	5,708	\$	1,526	\$	795,356	\$	-	\$ 890,197
Assigned		-		27,440	-		-		-		157		-		184		-		1,909		57,863	87,553
Unassigned		-		-	-		(866)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	(866)
Total Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	27,440	\$ 13,124	\$	(866)	\$	41,524	\$	29,308	\$	3,808	\$	5,892	\$	1,526	\$	797,265	\$	57,863	\$ 976,884
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$		\$	29,640	\$ 13,124	\$	-	\$	49,280	\$	29,308	\$	3,808	\$	5,892	\$	1,526	\$	797,265	\$	57,863	\$ 987,706

VILLAGE OF LAKE VILLA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2016

		Debt Service Reserve Fund		Mansion Fund		Metra Fund		Liability Insurance Fund		Retirement Fund		DUI Fund		Drug Seizure Fund		Squad Car Fund		Celebration of Summer Fun Fund		Park Capital Fund		Public Works Fleet Replacement Fund		Total
REVENUES																								
Local Taxes																								
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	185,680	\$	285,570	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	471,250
Fines DUI Fines												8,030												8,030
Other		-		-		-		-		-		6,030		-		-		-		-		-		6,030
Interest		_		_		_		_		_		158		_		184		_		1,909		322		2,573
Mansion Rent		_		120,661		_		_		_		-		_		-		_		-		-		120,661
Parking Fees		-		-		36,049		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		36,049
Donations		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		25,011		143,377		-		168,388
Other Revenue				-		-		-				7,065		2,203		-		-		-		13,823		23,091
Total Revenues	\$		\$	120,661	\$	36,049	\$	185,680	\$	285,570	\$	15,253	\$	2,203	\$	184	\$	25,011	\$	145,286	\$	14,145	\$	830,042
EXPENDITURES Current Capital Outlay	\$	-	\$	95,488 5,470	\$	21,837	\$	262,056	\$	320,542	\$	- 17,764	\$	1,229	\$	- 63,001	\$	23,485	\$	-	\$	- 66,282	\$	724,637 152,517
Debt Service		122,280		-		_		_		-		-		_		-		_		_		-		122,280
Total Expenses	\$	122,280	\$	100,958	\$	21,837	\$	262,056	\$	320,542	\$	17,764	\$	1,229	\$	63,001	\$	23,485	\$	-	\$	66,282	\$	999,434
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	(122,280)	\$	19,703	\$	14,212	\$	(76,376)	\$	(34,972)	\$	(2,511)	\$	974	\$	(62,817)	\$	1,526	\$	145,286	\$	(52,137)	\$	(169,392)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets Transfers	\$	- (8,495) (8,495)	\$	- (9,421) (9,421)	\$	(7,921) (7,921)	\$	120,654 120,654	\$	- 134,132 134,132	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,809 63,000 64,809	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	651,979 651,979	\$	- 110,000 110,000	\$	1,809 1,053,928 1,055,737
	Ψ_	(0,100)	Ψ	(0,721)	Ψ	(1,021)	Ψ_	120,004		104,102	<u> </u>		Ψ		<u> </u>	04,000	Ψ		Ψ_	001,010	Ψ	110,000	Ψ	1,000,707
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(130,775)	\$	10,282	\$	6,291	\$	44,278	\$	99,160	\$	(2,511)	\$	974	\$	1,992	\$	1,526	\$	797,265	\$	57,863	\$	886,345
FUND BALANCES - MAY 1, 2015		130,775		17,158		6,833		(45,144)	_	(57,636)		31,819		2,834		3,900								90,539
FUND BALANCES - APRIL 30, 2016	\$	-	\$	27,440	\$	13,124	\$	(866)	\$	41,524	\$	29,308	\$	3,808	\$	5,892	\$	1,526	\$	797,265	\$	57,863	\$	976,884